The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XX. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1908. NO. 9

LOCAL NEWS.

For fine box stationery, go to the ITEM office.

Fertilizer for corn, oats and potatoes for sale by Huston at Saltillo, Pa.

Harry E. Huston, Saltillo, Pa., pays 15c doz. for eggs, 18c lb. for wool in trade.

For Rent — Front flat in Wright building, containing 4 rooms and bath. C. C. Wright, proprietor.

Ringling Brothers' circus will be at Altoona Saturday and at Lewistown on Monday, May 18.

The Hon. William J. Bryan will be in Altoona on Thursday, May 21, and in the evening will deliver a lecture in the Mishler theatre.

An effort is being put forth to have Newton Hamilton made a flag stop for train No. 10, Eastern express, going east at 10.37 p. m.

The executive committe of tha U. B. Sunday school have decided to observe Sunday, June 14th, as Children's Day. Services will be held in the fornoon.

The school board of Union township has appointed P. A. Pheasant to fill the vacancy caused by the removal of S. L. Smith from Union to Brady township.

The survivors of Company C, 53rd Regiment Penna. Volunteers, will hold their annual reunion at Brumbaugh's Crossing on the Huntingdon & Broad Top Railroad on June 6th.

The band boys, who so loyally assist in the Memorial Day exercises by furnishing music for the occassion, are practicing almost nightly on several national airs which they will render on May 30th.

Rev. W. G. Finney has resumed the pastorate of the Presbyterian churches at Shade Gap and Neelyton after a vacation of several months during which he was traveling for the benefit of his health.

A number of our west end folks attended another society function at Mt. Union last Wednesday evening. After a night of joviality with congenial companions they returned home on Pacific express.

Mrs. Laura Yocum, wife of Edward Yocum, of Lewistown, died on Friday morning from blood poisoning. The deceased was aged about 29 years and is survived by her husband and five small children, three girls and two boys.

Miss Carrie K. einer died at the home of her brother-in-law, Captain M. Hiney, at Mount Union, Thursday, April 30, 1908, from a complication of ailments, aged 53 years. The remains were taken to Mount Joy, Lancaster county, for burial.

The stream in the east end of town which runs from O'Connors' hill to the river is being sewered with twenty-inch tile between Main street and the Pennsylvania Railroad. Street Commissioner Fields has a force of men at work and expects to complete the work within the next few days.

John R. Slates and Lewis Berky, of Conemaugh, and William Slates, of Altoona, spent the past few days with the families of B. F. and Chas. C. Slates in Mapleton. The visiting gentlemen devoted most of the time to fishing, with flattering asults. Yesterday they landed a German carp which measured 31½ inches in length and weighed sixteen pounds, besides some smaller fish.

While sparring with a friend Sunday morning, J. E. Brumbaugh received a bump on the lower jaw which caused him to bite through his tongue, almost severing the member. The wound was stitched but it continued to bleed freely during the day and this caused much concern to the unfortunate and his friends. He is recovering from his injury but will ever have a vivid recollection of his unpleasant experience.

Between 2 and 3 o'clock Friday morning the Cutchall hotel and the residences of Port Lightner, George Feagley and William Ross at Petersburg were entered by burglars and a number of articles, principally edibles, from each place were taken. George Summers next door neighbor to the hotel, heard the thieves and fired at them with a gun, frightening them away and in their flight they left their plunder, to be recovered by the rightful owners.

Otto Schmidt, alias Lebo, the man who one night recently robbed four business places in Huntingdon and later was captured and placed in jail, last Thursday evening made his escape from the jail by locking the turnkey, James Brumbaugh, in a cell, and using the keys to liberate himself. He worked his way into the jail yard and then scaled the wall. He was seen on Friday at Hundred Springs, near Birmingham, but as yet has not been recaptured.

Memorial Day at Cassville.

Capt. Charles Mitchell Post No. 521 Dept. Penna. G. A. R. have arranged services in the following order:

At Bowman's cemetery 9 a. m. by members of Washington Camp No. 662, P. O. S. of A., Latta Grove, Pa.

At Sheridan cemetery 9 a. m., by members of Washington Camp No. 350, P. O. S. of A., Calvin, Pa. The same will hold services at Wright's cemetery at 10 a. m. and at the Baptist church cemetery at 12.30 p. m.

At 2.30 p. m. the Post will form in front of the Post hall in Cassville and march direct to the cemetery and after the graves have been decorated by the above named order there will be an address by Prof. J. G. Dell, of Huntingdon, Pa. The Cassville cornet band will furnish music for the day.

All orders P. O. S. of A., I. O. O. F., all Sabbath school scholors and the public in general are invited to participate.

J. W. HARBAUGH, Commander.

J. M. WILSON Adjutant.

(Huntingnon papers please copy.)

Church Announcements.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Rev. J. H. Ake, pastor—Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock, led by the pastor.

Choir practice Friday evening at 7:15.

Sunday School every Sunday morning at 9:30. Frank Wallet, Superintendent.

Preaching next Sunday morning at 10:30 by the pastor. Subject: "Watching Jesus."

Probationers' class at close of morning preaching service.

Junior League at 3:15, led by Mrs. Lou Dell.

Prayer meeting at 7 p. m. Lloyd Baker, leader.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Rev. Edwin A. Snook, pastor—Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

Sabbath services as follows: Sabbath school 9:30 a. m., Christian Endeavor at 6.15 and preaching service at 7.00 p.m.

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH, Rev. T. H. MacLeod, pastor.—Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock.

Services for next Sunday as follows: Sunday school 9.30 and classmeeting at 10.30 a. m., Junior Endeavor at 2.00, Senior Endeavor at 6.30 and preaching services at 7.30 p. m. All are welcome.

Aged Eighty.

Miss Maggie Henderson, so well known to all our people, is to-day celebrating the eightieth anniversary of her natal day. Friends from town are giving her a shower of birthday post cards and extending hearty birthday greetings. Several purses containing liberal sums of money are among the presents being bestowed by loyal friends. The ITEM joins the many friends in wishing this virtuous lady many happy returns of the day.

Married —At Mapleton, May 12, 1908, by A. W. Swope, J. P., Martin L. Skipper and Miss Irene M. Hunt, both of Mapleton.

C. C. Brewster, Esq., of Huntingdon, will deliver the Memorinl Day address at Union church at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of May 30th.

John M. White, of Mapleton Lodge No. 468, and T. M. Wood, of Mount Union Lodge No. 677, I. O. O. F., will leave Saturday morning for Philadelphia where they will attend the sessions of Grand Lodge which will be held in the Quaker city, May 17—23.

Falling from a foot log crossing Scrub run near her home last Friday, Vesta Swope, the four-year-old daughter of Mrs. Susan Swope, made a very narrow escape from being drowned. The run was much higher than ordinary on account of recent rains, and the little one was carried fully fifty feet down the stream and over the breast of the dam to rocks beneath. Fortunately Mr. John Temple happened near at the time and rescued the child, otherwise a more serious report would likely have been necessary. Her escape was surprising and fortunate.

Prof. Samuel Steele of the Huntingdon high school accompanied the sophomore botany class to Mapleton Monday at noon and the afternoon was spent on the Igo farm in Brady township in studying the functions of the plant. The members of the class were Margaret Sherrick, Gaynel Reed, Mabel Richardson, Margaret Foster, Gladys Stair, Jennie Stewart, Sara Simpson, Helen Dickison, Walter Africa, Harry Stewart, Frank Puderbaugh, Fred Brandt, Charles Mullen, Jay Hazlett, Joe Kline, Raymond Rudy, Venaldo Harshbarger, Donald Simpson, and Edgar Westbrook.

PERSONAL NOTES.

—Mrs. W. H. Mounts is visiting friends at Alexandria.

—L. F. Treaster, of Milroy, was a caller in town last Friday.

—Ray TerHaar, of Bellwood, was a visitor in town Friday last.

—W. H. Mounts is acting in the capacity of juror at court this week.

—Vernon Neice spent the past week with friends in Henderson township.

—S. R. Hoffman, of Calvin, spent Saturday night with friends in Mapleton.

—James Irvin, of Bedford, was the guest of Mrs. J. B. Dell last Wednesday.

—Our townsman P. M. Hooper was a grand juror at court Monday and Tuesday.

—Editor A. S. Welsh, of the Mt. Union *Times*, was a caller in town Friday evening.

—C. M. Pheasant, of Cassville, spent Tuesday night with Alvin Decker and wife.

—Daniel Noel, of Altoona, was the guest of Mrs. Sallie Truax and family over Sunday,

—Mrs. John Irvin, of Harrisburg, spent a few hours Monday with her aunt, Mrs. Thomas Grady.

—Mrs. Katherine Buchanan, of Mill Creek, was the guest of Mrs. J. G. Hicks Tuesday afternoon.

—Mr. Herbert Funt, of Altoona, was entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Heck over Sunday.

—Miss Almira Rhodes, of Huntingdon, is the guest of Mrs. Leah Sloan and daughters, on Main stteet.

—Mr. and Mrs. Pennypacker, of Burnham, were guests last week of the latter's mother, Mrs. Baum, in Mapleton.

—George Beaty, of Shirley township, visited among old-time friends in town during the early part of the week.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Weston, of Juniata, were Sunday visitors at the home of S. B. Neice and family on Gurd avenue.

—Our friend and patron James Monihen, of Latta Grove, was in town Monday and paid this office a profitable call.

—M. W. Isenberg and wife, of Huntingdon, visited their daughter, Mrs, I. W. Fleck, Sunday at her home in the Clairndon.

—Mrs. Marjorie Seibert and her sister, Miss Ida Smith, of Union township, visited friends at Royer and Hollidaysburg over Sunday.

—DeWitt Thompson, of Huntingdon, is engaged this week at the residence of M. L. Rex, papering and painting the Rex home.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Norris, of Altoona, spent several days during the past week at the home of Moses Hardy and wife, parents of Mrs. Norris.

—Ira W. Swope, who is employed on an engineering corps at Selinsgrove, visited over Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Jennie Swope, on Main street.

—Mrs. Narcissa Goodman and son Clyde leave to-day for a pleasure trip to Philadelphia and New York. They expect to be absent from home about a week.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Prough and son, of Huntingdon, and Mrs. Elsie Douglass, of Johnsonburg, were visitors at the home of their aunts, Mrs. Alvin Decker and Mrs. Lou Bowman, over Sunday.

—Howard R. Myers, who represents the Educational department of Lippencott Publishing Company of Philadelphia, called on members of school board Friday last in the interest of his employers.

—Thompson Miller, who is engaged at farming in the vicinity of Altoona, came down to Mapleton Saturday and remained until Sunday evening with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Miller, near town.

—Miss May Robley and Mrs. Emma Lamberson have been elected delegates to represent the Woman's Missionary society of the U. B. church at the branch meeting to be held in Altoona early in June.

—L. S. Yetter, who resides in Aughwick valley near Shirleysburg, was in Mapleton Monday and Tuesday, the guest of his nephew, Frank Yetter and family. The purpose of Mr. Yetter's visit was to see Dr. Spangler from whom he has been receiving treatment for several weeks with encouraging results.

—John T. Wilson, Esq., of Belleville, district attorney of Mifflin county, with his wife and son Johnny, visited from Friday till Monday with Mrs. Wilson' aunts, Mrs. J. B. Dell and Miss Alice Wright, on Main street. Vance Simpson, of Altoona, brother of Mrs. Wilson, spent Sunday with his aunts, Mrs. Dell and Miss Wright.

John McMullen.

John McMullen died at his home in Union township, a short distance south of the Mapleton borough line, at 3.20 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, May 6, 1908, of consumption, after an illness of five months duration.

Mr. McMullen was a native of Orbisonia, this county and was born August 25, 1838, being at the time of his death aged 69 years, 8 months and 5 days. February 20, 1864, he enlisted at Philadelphia in Battery A, 3d Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Heavy Artillery and participated in a number of important engagements. He was in the naval brigade on the James, Chickahominy and Wansemond rivers, served on the gunboat "Bombshell", which was sunk at Plymouth, North Carolina, April 17, 1864, and was engaged in that bloody struggle which resulted in the capture of Fort Fisher, December 25, 1864. He was discharged at Fortress Monroe, July 11, 1865, the war having closed. December 13, 1865, he was united in marriage to Miss Ellen Marlin, a sister of the late James Marlin, of Mapleton, the ceremony being performed by A. W. Swope, Esq., of Mapleton. No children were born to this union but in their large-heartedness the young couple provided a place in their home for an orphan lad, Robert Vernes, now engaged in business in Brooklyn, New York, who never forgot the kindness and training of his foster parents. Mrs. McMullen died December 1, 1879. Mr. McMullen again married, September 16, 1885, his second wife being Miss Annie S. Murphy, of Petersburg, the ceremony being performed at Water-street. To them four sons were born, one of whom, John B., died in infancy. The widow and three sons, Charles E., Robert Glendower and William J., survive. The family removed to Mapleton about 1887 and have since resided in this vicinity.

Mr. McMullen was a man of quiet disposition and a good citizen. He was devoted to his family and always sought their comfort. He was a great reader and a close student of the Bible. Not having had much educational advantage in his boyhood he had not the gift of expression, possessed to a greater degree by many whose sum of knowledge is not to be compared to his achievements.

The remains were interred last Friday afternoon in the old cemetery, services conducted by his pastor, Rev. T. H. MacLeod, assisted by Rev. J. H. Ake, being held at his late home. A large circle of friends and neighbors followed the body to its last resting place. We extend sympathy to the bereaved family.

Mrs. Ada L. Zeek.

About 2.40 o'clock Saturday afternoon Mrs. Ada Lucinda Zeek died at her home in Birmingham, from cancer, from which she had been suffering since last September. Mrs. Zeek was born October 28, 1857, at Union Furnace, and was aged 50 years, 7 months and 11 days. She is survived by the following children: Mary E., Robert S., Louis and E. D., all at home, and Mrs. W. B. France, of Altoona. Her husband, Emanuel Zeek, met with a tragic death on the railroad on October 12, 1906. Her father, Elias A. Zeek, of Scottdale, also survives, and the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. William Eicher, of Scottdale; Roy Zeek, of Worth, West Virginia; Clayton Zeek, of Fairmount, West Virginia, and E. A. Zeek, of Altoona. Mrs. Zeek was a member of the United Brethren church, and was faithful and active as such throughout her life. Funeral was held from her late home yesterday afternoon; interment at Birmingham.

Last Friday B. F. Godard, receiver of the Swope-Gayton Quarry company offered at public sale the property of the corporation on the premises in Brady township, opposite Mapleton. A bid of five thousand dollars was the only one, offered and Mr. Godard did not feel justified in selling at that price. The sale was accordingly postponed to a future time. It is a pity arrangements cannot be made to operate this plant during the present season.

—Rev. S. D. Wilson, of Philipsburg, called on friends Tuesday, enroute to Baltimore to attend the M. E. general conference.

—Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Godard, Mrs. Lou Phillips and C. W. Swope, of Huntingdon, spent several hours in Mapleton yesterday and while here looked after the graves of departed friends whose remains repose in beautiful Mountain View cemetery.

Court Notes—May Term.

The regular term of May court convened Monday afternoon, Hon. Joseph M. Woods and his associates, Harris Richardson and W. E. Lightner on the bench.

Forty-eight constables sworn to returns.

Twenty-two grand jurors were sworn.

William J. Young, E. S. Free, Lloyd Shire and Walter Seeds excused as jurors.

W. S. Conrad appointed constable to grand jury and J. L. Rohland and John D. Galloway, constables to petit jury.

James A. Porter appointed supervisor of Logan Township in place of Martin Gates.

George H. Morder and W. B. Wray appointed auditors for Morris township in place of Charles H. Geiser and W. Scott Hileman.

Report of viewers for a public road to begin at a point on the road leading from Entriken to Newberg where the line dividing Lincoln township from Tod township crosses said road to a point on the same road called "Cider Hill" in Tod township, confirmed nisi.

First Report of J. F. Schock, auditor to distribute balance in the hands of Henry C. Little and Charles B. Peabody, trustees for the bondholders of the Broad Top Coal and Iron Company, as shown by their account filed, reporting a distribution of the cash on hand, confirmed by the Court and the appointment of the auditor is continued to enable him to report a distribution of deferred payments.

In the case of D. M. Cloyd versus H. P. Reynolds leave granted plaintiff to file amended statement. Rule granted upon the defendant to show cause why the demurrer filed should not be stricken from the record; returnable to June Argument Court.

James S. Woods, Dr. F. L. Schum and E. E. Enyeart appointed a commission to inquire into the alleged lunacy of George Hardy of Shirley township.

In the case of Pennsylvania Glass Sand Company versus Pittsburg White Sand Company, defendant directed to file answer and Abstract of Title and to enter plea on or before the first day of August.

In the case of J. G. Lincoln and C. H. Glazier versus Lena Africa, J. Stewart Africa, Jane Miller and W. M. Miller, in equity, W. M. Henderson, Esq., appointed master to divide and partition the lands and purparts and to value the same, etc.

In the case of Dr. W. H. Boggs versus A. L. Walton and T. R. Walton, leave granted to discontinue writ of Scire Facias.

In the case of W. W. Gutshall versus Clarence Green and George Hartman, rule awarded on defendants to show cause why they should not perfect bail; returnable to June Argument Court.

In cases of Samuel Smiley's use versus Mrs. Jennie Norris and William Norris, rules granted to show cause why the judgments should not be opened and defendants let into a defense, executions stayed during the proceeding and lien of levy to remain.

DIVORCES.

Rachel King versus William King, publication of notice recorded; returnable the first day of July.

Samuel Polgsrove versus Anne Polgrove, appointment of Harry W. Petriken Master, continued until September Term.

Elizabeth Wright versus William Wright, appointment of Richard W. Williamson as Master continued until September Term.

Anna E. Clendenning versus John T. Clendenning, D. H. Myers appointed Master to take testimony and report.

Alfred T. Irvin versus Minnie T. Irvin, subpoena awarded, returnable the first Monday of July.

ORPHANS' COURT.

Inventory of the Real Estate of James McConaughy late of Shirley township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Mary Jane McConaughy, and set apart to her by the appraisers, confirmed absolutely.

Inventory of the personal property of Geo. H Metzler late of Dublin township, deceased, as taken by his widow Amanda E. Metzler, confirmed absolutely.

Inventory of the personal property of James F. Umholtz late of Walker township, deceased, as taken by his widow Lizzie Umholtz, confirmed absolutely.

Order to sell the real estate of Joshua Gosnell, late of Cass township, deceased, for payment of debts, continued.

Order to sell real estate of Shadrach Chaney, deceased, late of Barree township, by order of Court in partition proceedings, continued to next term and Trustee, Gilbert R. Chaney is authorized to be a bidder.

Return of inquest on the real estate of Jesse Diggins, late of Broad Top City, deceased, confirmed and rule granted upon the heirs, Guardian of heirs and other parties legally interested to appear in open Court, September 21st, 1908, and accept or refuse the real estate at the valuation returned.

Continued on eighth page.

THE MAN AND HIS WORK.

I haven't much faith in the man who complains
Of the work he has chosen to do,
He's lazy, or else he's deficient in brains,
And—may be—a hypocrite, too.
He's likely to cheat and he's likely to rob;
Away with the man who finds fault with his job.

But give me the man with the sun in his face,
And the shadows all dancing behind;
Who can meet his reverses with calmness and grace,
And never forgets to be kind;
For whether he's wielding a scepter or swab,
I have faith in the man who's in love with his job.
—John L. Shroy, in Lippincott's.

Miss Van Busker's Limerick.

By Mrs. George Norman.

We were none of us quite sure after all whether Miss Van Busker had or had not accepted the Duke of Derry.

"This is so sudden, dook," his sister, little Lady Hildegarde, wickedly pretended Miss Van Busker to have said, and then that she must have time—a month or so—in which to get to know him.

So far Miss Van Busker's getting to know the Duke of Derry had seemed almost to consist in staying in country houses where he wasn't and—well, talking to his men friends. I suppose she talked about him.

A plain white envelope among her pink and mauve scented letters on the sideboard at Littlewick every morning of our stay there seemed something of an indication, however, for Lady Hildegarde used to raise her pretty eyebrows whenever she came down before Miss Van Busker and saw the writing.

We were all as a party very keen, as the men called it, on limericks. We usually spent the morning spoiling sheets of poor Lady Newbattle's best notepaper.

Miss Van Busker wasn't so enthusiastic as the others, however.

"I'll help," she said the first morning at breakfast—she always came down as fresh as a daisy and as sweet tempered as possible while trays were going up to a lot of the other girls' rooms. "I mayn't be a flyer, but I guess I can fix a limerick."

Capt. Croome, who is a nice looking young man, with a place in Warwickshire, and thirteen motors, but who certainly isn't clever, developed a most extraordinary taste for limericks.

"If you'd be so good, Miss Van Busker," he said, quite eagerly for him.

"Why, certainly," Miss Van Busker said, with her pretty smile and holding out a buttered roll to the pug, and Captain Croome hurried through his breakfast to go and look for a pencil and paper.

It was a dreadful week of fogs; hunting and shooting were off, and it was not cold enough to skate.

"What we should have done without these delightful limericks," Lady Newbattle confided to me, "I tremble to think."

All the rooms, and even a drafty passage called the armory, were full of people—usually two at a time—with two pencils and one piece of paper. At luncheon they didn't seem to have done so very much, but the butter spent all his time sending down to the village for sixpenny postal orders, which soon ran out and had to be fetched from the town.

The first few days Miss Van Busker had sat in the music room, and Captain Croome had sat there, too, and made noughts and crosses, as I happened to see afterward, on a whole sheaf of papers.

The other girls at this time were rather indignant with Miss Van Busker.

"If she isn't engaged to Stony" (that is, the Duke of Derry) "she might say so; and if she is, well—Captain Croome ought to know it." Lady Hildegarde said to me as we went up to dress for dinner.

I think some one must have given Captain Croome a hint, for to my astonishment he joined me in a very, very damp and uncomfortable tramp around the park on the Wednesday afternoon.

"Er-ah—" he began suddenly, just as we got up to the statue of Diana above the house and as I was wondering what he'd come for—"er—ah! Is Miss Van Busker engaged to that ass?"

"Really, Captain Croome," I said, "I can't think who you mean, and I think you'd better ask Miss Van Busker anything like that yourself."

I changed the conversation, and very soon Captain Croome said he was sure I'd catch cold if we stayed out any longer, and as he wouldn't go in by himself we both went back.

Just at this time Miss Van Busker took to attaching herself to me. She is very sweet and appealing, and I liked having her, but Captain Croome would follow us about and gaze at Miss Van Busker and say nothing, and it got quite embarrassing.

"Are you—will you think it indiscreet if I ask if you are going to be married?" I said at last one evening, rather abruptly, as Miss Van Busker came into my room before dinner in an exquisite silver tissue over layers of rose-colored chiffon.

Miss Van Busker gazed pensively into the fire. "I guess I don't know," she said, thoughtfully. "I don't seem able to know. But I'll write you whenever I do," she added, brightening up.

"Thank you," I murmured, and I couldn't think of anything else to say.

So we went down to the drawing room, where Captain Croome was standing gazing at the door. He had had an enormous box of lilies of the valley from Solomon's that afternoon, my maid, who will gossip, told me while she did up my dress, and Miss Van Busker had a lovely bunch of lilies in her silver waist belt.

We were getting rather tired of limericks, but after dinner Lady Newbattle set us down to a final competition for an old-age pension, a country mansion, with fishing and shooting attached, and three footmen thrown in. We all seemed to have exhausted our ideas, however, and our best efforts were poor.

Miss Van Busker that night wore an absolutely plain white crepe dress, and her golden hair was very simply done, and she looked perfectly lovely.

Captain Croome retired to the further end of the library behind a screen, and tore up simply dozens of sheets of paper.

"Can't you get through, Captain?" Miss Van Busker called out at last, when every one had handed in their folded slips of paper.

Captain Croome started up, and went over to Miss Van Busker with quite visible anxiety, and handed her his paper, and I could not help hearing him beg her to read it.

Miss Van Busker frowned dreadfully when she opened the slip.

"Why, yours doesn't begin to be like a limerick," she said coldly to Captain Croome. "I guess you don't get the prize. What do you say?" and she leaned across and handed me the open paper.

I just glanced at it and then at Captain Croome, whose face was a study, and I crumpled it up and threw it into the fire.

"I can't do mine," I said, and I got up and went into the hall. Captain Croome followed me.

What he didn't say in general terms of the perfidy and heartlessness and general horridness of women isn't worth mentioning, and I felt quite wretched. But at last he went off into the smoking room and said he'd have a peg and turn in, and I did the same. I mean, I went up to bed.

At breakfast next day Lady Newbattle looked dreadfully worried.

"Miss Van Busker's gone, she said, looking round round the table. "She got a telegram last night. And Captain Croome got one this morning, and he's gone, too."

"Did they go together?" I said incredulously.

Lady Newbattle looked nervously at little Lady Hildegarde.

"Oh, no," she said, "certainly not. Miss Van Busker had the brougham, though how she got all her luggage on it I don't know, and Captain Croome had the landaulette, and neither knew the other was going."

One of the men laughed.

"But they'll meet at the station," he said, "by Jove!"

Lady Newbattle looked more worried than ever.

"And this wire's just come from the Duke of Derry to say he'll meet her at the other end," she said wretchedly.

Lady Newbattle sighed heavily and went over and fed the dogs.

And we all, though we'd done nothing, looked rather guiltily at each other and at little Lady Hildegarde, the duke's sister, who is devoted to him.

And how Miss Van Busker compounded with her two admirers at Liverpool street I can't think.—The Tatler.

The Three Peanut States.

Virginia, Tennessee and Georgia are the leading peanut states. In Virginia the white peanut and the small red peanut are the varieties chiefly produced, while Georgia also produces this small red nut. In Tennessee the white nut, which is larger than the red and the larger variety of the red nut are raised. The chief peanut counties are Humphreys, Perry, Hickman and Dickson, but the area of peanut cultivation has been enlarged in more recent years. Few peanuts are produced in East or West Tennessee, but in the counties named they are the chief money crop of a large percent of the farmers. The peanut has many names—goober, pindar, earthnut, groundnut, groundpea. Northern soldiers called them goobers, and there was a well known song entitled "Grabbing Goober Peas," which was a favorite with troops "marching through Georgia." According to the 1904 census the total peanut crop amounted to 11,964,000 bushels, valued at $7,270,000.—Nashville American.

The bank at Bremen, Kan., having been burned, experts in the treasury department at Washington have figured out that a quart of ashes sent on for redemption will be worth about $4000.

STATE NEWS BUDGET

Secret Door in Bank.

William Montgomery, defaulting cashier of the Allegheny National Bank, at Pittsburg, used a panel door through which he made his exit every time the bank examiner visited the institution, according to William I. Folds, National Bank Examiner. Through this secret panel door, without attracting any attention, Montgomery would disappear from his private office, hurry to the Farmers' Deposit Bank, and procure from Henry Reiber, the defaulting paying teller, the temporary loan of the amount of his shortage. Then, after the bank examiner departed, this money would be repaid. It is asserted at Pittsburg that Montgomery did not profit a penny's worth by his peculations. All the money that he took, it is said, went to friends in distress, and it is declared that several Pittsburg business men and manufacturing firms owe their present existence to these loans which have not been repaid. Prominent Pittsburg financiers would raise $1,000,000, it is alleged, if that amount would keep Montgomery out of the penitentiary. William Stewart, president of the bank, called a meeting of the Board Directors, at which time the deficit of $469,000 was deducted from the bank's surplus. Montgomery was bonded for $20,000. It is believed the friends to whom he lent money will come forward with at least a portion of it. Although they can save the bank from a part of the loss they will be unable to keep Montgomery out of the penitentiary. It was announced that he will make a full confession and throw himself on the mercy of the court.

Swarthmore Cuts Sport.

The faculty of Swarthmore College has decided to abandon all football and basketball games for a year to test the theories advanced by President Eliot, of Harvard, that such sports are inimical to a collegiate education. The faculty's decision is unanimous, and the students upon learning of it promised their hearty co-operation. This break in intercollegiate athletics comes hot upon the heels of the suspension a few days ago of four of the best men on the football team for purloining pies and for hoisting a cow to the upper story of a college building. It is also thought that the bequest of coal lands made by Miss Anna Jeanes, conditional on the abolishment of intercollegiate sports, although it was refused, has also had effect.

Gets $4666 For Auto Hit.

A jury composed mainly of farmers returned a verdict of $4666.95 against T. M. Nelson in favor of Miss Marie Kauffman in an auto case, at Chambersburg. Nelson, who is president of the Chambersburg Trust Company, the Nelson Construction Company and the local hosiery and shoe companies, hit Miss Kauffman last May while running his automobile in Philadelphia avenue. The plaintiff was alighting from a street car when she was struck, and she has been an invalid since the accident. She sued for $10,000 damages.

Clings to Cable in Vain.

William Wilhelm, aged eighteen years, was drowned and Roy Rifinger, sixteen, had a narrow escape at West Newton, while rowing in the Youghiogheny River. Their skiff was caught in a ferry cable and upset. Both boys were thrown out, but the skiff righted itself and young Rifinger crawled aboard. He was rescued. Wilhelm grasped the cable, but the current being swift and the stage of water unusually high, he soon became exhausted and sank.

Pittsburg Bonds Fetch $104.819.

Pittsburg sold $3,124,700 worth of bonds at the highest premium received in years. There were two parcels consisting of $1,548,700 of funded debt bonds, one-sixth payable every five years, and $1,576,000 of improvement bonds, one-thirtieth payable each year. All bear four and a half per cent. interest. The entire issue was awarded to N. W. Harris & Co., of New York, at $104.819 for each $100 worth.

Bank Cashier Indicted.

The Federal Grand Jury at Pittsburg returned indictments against Ernest W. Bowman, formerly cashier of the Citizens' National Bank, of Tionesta, and two lumber dealers, Joseph W. Landers and William G. Wyman. All three are charged with misappropriation of funds of the bank and aiding and abetting the misappropriation of the funds.

Sets His Wife on Fire.

While in a jealous rage, at Kulpmont, John Cushner thrust his wife into a dough tray and stuffing paper around her is alleged to have ignited it. She was frightfully burned. Cushner was arrested, along with John Cardish, who is accused of helping Cushner to attempt to cremate the woman.

Money For State Guard.

The Adjutant-General's office has decided to issue an order allowing each National Guard company $180 for this year's expenses on the ranges. The money comes from the Federal Government, which also provides ammunition.

Find Body in Shed.

Partially eaten by rats the mutilated body of Barney Sweeney, aged sixty-five, was found at New Castle by boys in a shed back of the Coliseum skating rink. Sweeney had not been seen for three weeks.

The Sunday-School

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR MAY 17.

Subject: Jesus Betrayed and Denied, John 18:1-27 — Golden Text, Matt. 17:22—Commit Verses 2, 3—Commentary.

TIME.—Wednesday morning early, April 5, A. D. 30. **PLACE.**—Gethsemane and Courtyard of Annas.

EXPOSITION.—I. The Perfidity of Judas, 1-3. Jesus longed to meet the Father in prayer. The awful weight of agony was crushing Him (Matt. 26:38). But He must strengthen the disciples and fortify them against the coming trial. To this He attended first. But now this work was done. The necessary words had been spoken, the wondrous prayer that made their safety sure had been offered, and Jesus goes forth to the garden where He shall meet the Father in prayer and get the strength needed to insure Him victory in His last great conflict. This garden was a place of frequent resort for our Lord. It was a chosen sanctuary where He met the Father. Those who knew Him best knew that this retired place of prayer was the likeliest place to find Him at that time of night (v. 3). Judas had often been there. In that hallowed garden beneath the old olive trees he had seen Jesus interceding with God. But his heart had become so hardened by covetousness that the sacred sight had made little impression upon it. His principal thought seems to have been that the garden of prayer would be a good place to capture Jesus unawares. Judas had not become so hardened in a day. But little by little, by allowing the greed of money to usurp a larger place in his heart, and by hardening his heart more and more against the truths that he heard constantly falling from the lips of the Son of God, Judas had become what we here see him. Two bands were to meet that night in the garden, God's band and the devil's. Judas had provided himself with a large company of soldiers (v. 3, R. V. marg.). Evidently a great fear of this humble man, Jesus, had taken possession of them, and they feared the multitude also. If Jesus had seen fit to resist, their preparations would have proven totally inadequate (Matt. 26:53). They did not have to search for Jesus. Jesus fully realizing His peril, but knowing also that God's appointed time had come, went forth and delivered Himself into their hands (v. 4; comp. ch. 10:17, 18).

II. Jesus Protecting His Own, 4-9. Jesus knew that at last the awful hour that He had so long looked forward to with sorrow unspeakable had come. He knew all that was coming upon Him, but He did not shrink. He "went forth" with steady step and undaunted heart. He put to Judas and his band a question that had more in it than appears on the surface. "Whom seek ye?" "Jesus of Nazareth," is the quick response. Little did they realize who He was whom they sought to capture and destroy. There are five words of awful sadness in this fifth verse. "Judas was standing with them." Think of it, he who had been a chosen apostle standing with the enemies of his Lord! So today there are many standing with the enemies of Jesus whom one would naturally expect to be standing by the side of Jesus. Judas standing there is an illustration of the brazen effrontery of sin. But Judas does not long remain standing. With majestic calmness and dignity Jesus simply says, "I am He," and Judas and his hellish crew go backward and fall to the ground.
lost (v. 9, R. V.).

III. Peter Denies His Lord, 24-27. Peter following his Lord at this time got him into trouble. Furthermore, he had followed his Lord afar off (Matt. 27:58). If we follow Jesus at all we should follow close. Jesus had warned him of his weakness and his coming fall (ch. 13:38). Furthermore, just before this He had given His disciples a hint that they were to go away (v. 8). He had told Peter on the preceding evening that he could not follow Him at this time, but that he should later (ch. 13:36), but Peter had turned a deaf ear to all this. He had asked "Why cannot I follow Thee now?" and started out to do so against the Lord's warning. He had boasted, "I will lay down my life for Thy sake" (ch. 13:37), and now undertakes to make good his boast and prove his Master mistaken in His estimate of him, but our Lord knows us all better than we know ourselves. We next see Peter standing with Christ's enemies and warming himself at the enemies' fire. The end is now sure. Of course he does not sympathize with them and what they are saying about his Master grieves his soul, but he is not protesting. He ought to have stood separate from them (Ps. 1:1; 26:4-10; 2 Cor. 6:4-17), but that would have attracted too much attention to him and would have made him appear singular and exposed him to danger. The same arguments for conforming to the world are advanced to-day and are of as little value as in Peter's day. He after all escaped none of the danger he sought to avoid. He only got away by denying his Lord, and that is the only way anyone can escape who seeks to make friends with the world (Jas. 4:4; 1 Cor. 15:33, R. V.; Prov 13:20; Eph. 5:11, 12). Bad company is a good thing to keep out of unless one goes into it to win them for Christ and keeps that purpose in his mind every moment. Peter had no such purpose in his mi[nd]

Wholesale Prices Quoted in New York

MILK.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 2¾c. per quart.

BUTTER.			
Creamery—Western, extra	$ 26½	@$	27
Firsts	25	@	26
Seconds	22	@	24
State dairy, good to choice	23	@	25
Factory, seconds to firsts	18	@	20
BEANS.			
Marrow, choice	—	@	2 25
Medium, choice	2 25	@	2 30
Red kidney, choice	1 90	@	1 95
Pea	2 50	@	2 55
Yellow eye	2 35	@	2 40
White kidney	2 30	@	2 35
Black turtle soup	1 65	@	1 75
Lima, Cal	3 25	@	3 30
CHEESE.			
State, full cream	15	@	15¼
Small	14½	@	15
Part skims, fair to good	3½	@	5½
Full skims	1	@	1½
EGGS.			
Jersey—Fancy	—	@	18½
State—Good to choice	17½	@	18
Western—Firsts	16	@	16½
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH			
Apples—Baldwin, per bbl	1 50	@	2 50
Greening, per bbl	2 00	@	4 50
Strawberries, per qt	9	@	18
DRESSED POULTRY			
Turkeys, per lb	12	@	17
Broilers, Phila., per lb	40	@	45
Fowls, per lb	11½	@	13
Cocks, per lb	—	@	10½
Ducklings, L. I., per lb	—	@	17
Ducks, per lb	8	@	10
Geese, per lb	5	@	8
Squabs, per dozen	1 25	@	3 50
HAY AND STRAW			
Hay, prime, per 100 lb	97½	@	1 00
Nos. 3 to 1, per 100 lb	75	@	95
Clover mixed, per 100 lb	65	@	85
Straw, long rye	65	@	75
HOPS.			
State, 1907	12	@	13
Medium, 1907	5	@	8
Pacific Coast, 1907, choice	7	@	8
Choice, 1906	3	@	5
VEGETABLES			
Potatoes, Me., per sack	2 00	@	2 40
State, per sack	2 00	@	2 25
Sweets, per basket	1 50	@	2 25
Tomatoes, per carrier	1 00	@	3 00
Egg plant, per box	1 50	@	2 50
Squash, per box	75	@	1 50
Peas, per basket	50	@	2 00
Peppers, per carrier	1 25	@	2 25
Lettuce, per basket	25	@	1 00
Cabbages, per crate	75	@	1 25
String beans, per basket	75	@	1 25
Onions, white, per crate	1 25	@	1 75
Yellow, per crate	1 40	@	1 60
Carrots, per 100 bunches	2 00	@	3 00
Beets, per 100 bunches	1 00	@	3 00
Turnips, per bbl	1 50	@	1 75
Okra, per carrier	1 50	@	2 50
Cucumbers, per basket	1 00	@	1 50
Parsley, per bbl	1 00	@	3 00
Leeks, per 100 bunches	1 00	@	1 50
Shallots, per 100 bunches	—	@	1 00
Celery, per case	50	@	1 75
Watercress, per 100 bunches	1 00	@	1 50
Spinach, per bbl	75	@	1 25
Kale, per bbl	25	@	50
Oyster plants, 100 bunches	1 00	@	3 00
Horseradish, per bbl	2 50	@	4 00
Rhubarb, per 100 bunches	1 50	@	2 50
Radishes, per basket	50	@	75
Asparagus, per doz. bunches	75	@	3 25
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter patents	4 50	@	4 80
Spring patents	5 25	@	6 15
Wheat, No. 2 red	1 10	@	1 11¼
No. 1 Northern Duluth	—	@	1 16⅜
Corn, No. 2	74	@	80
No. 2 white	—	@	75½
Oats, mixed	—	@	56½
Rye, No. 2 Western	—	@	89½
Lard, city	—	@	8¼
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	9½	@	11
Calves, city dressed	8	@	11½
Country dressed	7	@	9½
Sheep, per 100 lb	—	@	5 00
Lambs, per 100 lb	7 00	@	7 75
Hogs, live, per 100 lb	5 10	@	6 10
Country dressed, per lb	6	@	9

CROP OUTLOOK GOOD.

James T. Harahan Predicts Bountiful Harvest Will Stimulate Business.

New York City.—With regard to the business situation in sections served by the Illinois Central, James T. Harahan, president of the road, says:

"There has been a general falling off in the business of transportation lines throughout the sections traversed by our system, beginning with the month of October, 1907, and continuing up to the present time.

"On the other hand, the present outlook for crops is much more favorable this year than for the past several years, and with favorable weather conditions a bountiful crop should be secured.

"A suspension of operations in the coal mines in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Kentucky coal fields has greatly affected business, and even with the resumption of operations, the demand for coal will be less than last year on account of reduced industrial activity.

"I can see no very encouraging prospect at present, however, beneficial results attending a bountiful crop will have an encouraging effect, and I think as soon as crop conditions are assured there will be a gradual resumption of general business activity."

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To Cut Tomato Acreage.

In reports from other canning sections that the movement to bring about a curtailment among packers and growers to tomato pack is meeting with success. It is said in the advices that Maryland canners have urged the necessity of cutting down the output at least fifty per cent. in order to bring about more stable market conditions.

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Cantaloupe Crop Damaged.

What promised to be an unusually early and large crop of cantaloupes in Indiana has been considerably damaged by the cold winds and rains. The fruit, though somewhat damaged, promises a good crop, especially of pears and apples. There will be about half a crop of peach

GRUESOME REVELATIONS FOLLOW SEARCH AT THE GUINNESS MURDER FARM

Astounding Details in Regard to the Wholesale, Brutal Killings on "Comely Widow's" Place Near Laporte, Ind.

AUTHORITIES CONVINCED THAT MURDERESS PERISHED IN FIRE

Various Theories Advanced to Explain the Series of Mysterious Assassinations—List of Victims Grows as the Investigation Proceeds.

Laporte, Ind.—The certainty that Mrs. Belle Guinness was a cruel slayer of men and children has been made apparent by developments and the method by which she lured her victims to their death has also been made clear. That she, too, "died by the sword," and that her two daughters and small son, whom she dearly loved, were brutally murdered, are the conclusions reached by the authorities. State's Attorney Ralph H. Smith asserts that there is no doubt that the body of the woman found in the ruin of the burned Guinness home is that of the murderess.

The medical experts, after examining the bodies of the woman's children — Myrtle and Lucy Sorenson, aged eleven and nine, and Philip Guinness, aged six—announced that each had been killed by blows on the head. The murderer concealed the woman's head. If it is found it is believed that the manner of the woman's death will be found to have been like that of her children.

The key to the mystery is thought to lie with Ray Lamphere, former man-of-all-work for Mrs. Guinness. The authorities charge him with the murder of Mrs. Guinness and her children and with burning the farmhouse. Lamphere was madly in love with Mrs. Guinness and had been flouted by her. He was poor, annoyed her with his protestations and she sent him away.

She was luring men of small means from the West and Northwest to her slaughter house. Lamphere, with the ever watchful eyes of the lover, became troublesome. She would no doubt have murdered him and buried him with her other victims in her barnyard had it not been that he was a native and his disappearance would have been more difficult to explain than were those of the men from distant points. These merely had left town, gone home, according to her reports, and that ended the matter. The slaying of the infatuated Lamphere might have aroused suspicion and brought about an investigation.

The theory that Lamphere was her accomplice is disputed. He may have suspected her of being in some mysterious way concerned with the sudden disappearance of the visitors. The authorities arrested and locked up here Bessie Wallace, of Michigan City, a woman of the underworld, who asserts that Lamphere had said to her that if Mrs. Guinness did not treat him more kindly he would send her to the gallows, and also that he would "burn her out."

On the night that Mrs. Guinness murdered Andrew Hegelein, the Aberdeen (S. Dak.) stockman, she sent Lamphere on a mythical trip to Michigan City, near by, to meet a supposed John Moo, or Maa, who, she said, was her cousin. She told him to wait over night for the arrival of the cousin, and if he did not come in the morning to return home. When he got home she told him that Hegelein had left on an afternoon train for South Dakota.

No one doubted that the woman's body found in the ruins was that of Mrs. Guinness until the first of the series of sensational discoveries led to the suspicion that Mrs. Guinness herself was not dead, but that she had cleverly substituted another woman's body for her own and disappeared.

The Roster of Victims.

But for the moment admitting that Mrs. Guinness actually died in the fire which destroyed her own home and children, its roster of victims in this most baffling mystery of crime stands:

GUINNESS, Mrs. BELLE, whose headless body was found in the ruins of the Guinness house after the fire on April 28.

SORENSON, MYRTLE, aged eleven, daughter of Mrs. Guinness, who also lost her life in the destruction of the residence.

SORENSON, LUCY, aged nine, youngest daughter of Mrs. Guinness, who likewise was burned to death in the fire.

GUINNESS, PHILIP, aged five, son of Mrs. Guinness, whose burned body was found clasped in the arms of the mother after the destruction of the Guinness home.

HEGELEIN, ANDREW, aged forty, bachelor, Aberdeen, S. D., suitor for Mrs. Guinness' hand, who came to Laporte January 5, 1908, and disappeared three weeks later, after drawing $3000 from the bank.

OLSON, JENNIE, aged seventeen, daughter of Anton Olson, of Chicago, whom Mrs. Guinness took to rear when eight years old, and whose body is believed to be one of the four found in one grave in the barnyard.

UNIDENTIFIED MAN, believed by authorities to be Ole Budsberg from Iola, Wis., who came to Laporte about a year ago in answer to a matrimonial advertisement, and who was not seen after drawing $1000 from the Home Bank.

UNIDENTIFIED BODY, sex undetermined, dismembered and found in a three-foot hole.

UNIDENTIFIED BODY, sex undetermined, dismembered and found in a three-foot hole.

UNIDENTIFIED BODY, sex undetermined, dismembered, and found in the same hole.

UNIDENTIFIED BODY, dismembered, supposed to be that of a man from Chicago, found lying face downward in a box buried in the barn lot.

UNIDENTIFIED BODY, possibly a man of middle age, recovered from barnyard grave in advanced stage of decomposition.

UNIDENTIFIED BODY, probably a woman, taken with two others from the same crude grave.

And in the light of the developments the authorities are asking whether two more victims of the woman will not be found in Chicago, namely:

SORENSON, MADS, first husband of the woman, who died under mysterious circumstances in Chicago, believed to have been poisoned, but nothing was ever proved.

GUINNESS, PHILIP, second husband of the woman, died at the house of mystery about four years ago as a result of the skull being fractured with a meat chopper which fell from a shelf.

Four Theories of the Crimes.

The bodies here in Laporte and a mass of circumstantial evidence, combined with a score of suspicious circumstances, afford the basis upon which the authorities have built up four theories to account for a series of crimes which have startled the whole country. These are:

Theory No. 1—That Mrs. Guinness, fearing exposure of her long murderous career, killed her three children and herself, setting fire to the house to conceal crime, supported by circumstantial identification of body as hers, and reception of letter just before tragedy making her fear for life and withdraw money from bank.

Theory No. 2—That Mrs. Guinness, fearing exposure, fled after killing children, putting body of another woman in house to mislead authorities; head of body identified as hers not found.

Theory No. 3—That Ray Lamphere, her farmhand, did the killing from double motive of revenge and jealousy; was seen near house just before the fatal fire, and when told of it asked if woman and children escaped; also Mrs. Guinness had caused his arrest several times.

Theory No. 4—That quadruple crime was committed by a murderous gang with headquarters in Chicago, fearing exposure by Mrs. Guinness of long series of murders and fires for insurance and money of victims, she being used as decoy through matrimonial advertisements; supported by shipping of mysterious trunks and boxes to her farm from Chicago.

Mystery of the Headless Body.

Is Mrs. Guinness alive?

The Laporte authorities are not agreed upon their answers. There is, first of all, the mystery of the headless body supposed to be that of the woman. A careful search of the ruins has failed to reveal a trace of the head. How could the woman's head have been totally incinerated and the body left intact? Besides, Mrs. Guinness had one strong means of identification. Her upper set of teeth were heavily plated with gold; in fact, almost entirely covered, the dentist using something like $300 worth of the precious metal.

Seven gold watches were found in the ruins little harmed by the flames, and the authorities say that if they did not suffer from the heat the gold on the woman's teeth would also have been unharmed. In order to be certain that the gold is not in the ruins, Sheriff Smutzer ordered the searchers to get sieves and sift all of the ashes in the ruins.

The Prosecutor says that certain trunks have already been traced in that way, and he is now convinced that all the bodies are victims of the woman. The Prosecutor also believes that the headless body now at the morgue and which was found in the ruins of the Guinness home is that of Mrs. Guinness. The size corresponds well with hers, and the fact that the head is missing is not regarded as very strange, for the body lay in such a position that the head would have been covered by the falling walls and thus would have been exposed to a more intense heat than any other part of her person.

A large glass bowl, which was found against the left shoulder, was half melted away, showing that the heat had been greater there than at any other place in the debris.

A strong chain of evidence is being woven around Ray Lamphere, the hired hand on the Guinness farm.

Lamphere and John Maxon, who had worked for Mrs. Guinness, were examined about the house, and the suspicions of the Sheriff on two important points were confirmed. One was that the murders were done in a "guest's room" on the second floor, and that the bodies were hacked to pieces in a "dark room" in the cellar. Lamphere said that the "guest's room" always was locked, and that he never was permitted to enter it. He said that two padlocks were kept on the "dark room," which was built of solid masonry on three sides and with the only opening a narrow door of oak. It is thought that the woman kept bodies in the cellar until she had several for burial. This much is indicated by the fact that of two bodies found together one was in a more advanced state of decomposition than the other.

Mahogany in Guests' Room.

The guests' room, it has been found, was luxuriously furnished. Mrs. Guinness ordered the furniture herself in a Laporte store. A set of bird's-eye maple was obtained from a wholesale house in Chicago, but the woman rejected it with the remark, "It's too light in color and too hard to keep clean." She finally accepted a set of mahogany, and it is believed the bill was paid with money from one of her victims. She bought the finest imported curtains for the room, the item of sale being found in the books of a merchant here.

At the time she selected the curtains Mrs. Guinness took pride in telling of the care she was taking with the room. She said she always liked to have friends around, and that they must have the best she could afford. There is no doubt that the murders were done in the dead of night when the victims slept. In each skull holes show there never was a change in attack, and in this the Coroner sees evidence of the cunning of the woman. He said that the method of killing was such that little or no blood would be spilled, and that the instrument used had a projection or thick needle only long enough to cause death by slightly puncturing the brain. Repeated blows were struck, and with each one the skull was pierced. The Coroner said the first blow undoubtedly caused death in each case.

The scene where the bodies have been dug up is attractive. A pretty iron fence surrounds the ruins of the house, behind which is a large barn and a windmill. The spot in which the bodies were interred is on the side of the hill, and is surrounded by a woven wire fence. This fence was a mystery to the authorities for some time until it was discovered that the pigs kept by the woman were directly behind the stable and the "hog run" led past the graveyard.

The Bait and the Lure Used by Mrs. Guinness.

Chicago.—Following is Mrs. Guinness' "matrimonial ad" by which victims were lured to death:

PERSONAL—COMELY WIDOW, WHO OWNS LARGE FARM IN ONE OF the finest districts in Laporte County, Ind., desires to make the acquaintance of gentleman unusually well provided, with views of joining fortunes. No replies by letter considered unless sender is willing to follow answer with personal visit.

Waupaca, Wis.—The letter which Carl Petersen, of Waupaca, received from Mrs. Belle Guinness, who ran the Laporte murder farm, has been translated from Norwegian into English, as follows:

"Carl Petersen, Waupaca, Wis.:

"Dear Sir—As some time ago I received from you a letter in answer to my 'ad' in the Scandinavian, I will, with pleasure, answer the same.

"The reason I waited for some time is that there have been other answers to the 'ad.' As many as fifty have been received and it has been impossible to answer all. I have picked out the most respectable and I have decided that yours is such.

"First, I will tell you that I am a Norwegian and have been in this country for twenty years. I live in Indiana, about fifty-nine miles from Chicago and one mile north of Laporte. I am the sole owner of a nice home, pretty location.

"There are seventy-five acres of land, also all kinds of crops, improved land, apples, plums and currants. Am on a boulevard road and have a twelve room house, practically new, a windmill and all modern improvements, situated in a beautiful suburb of Chicago, worth about $15,000.

"All of this is pretty near paid for. It is in my own name. I am alone with three small children, from five to eleven years old. The smallest is a little boy, the two largest are girls, all frisky and well. I lost my husband by accident five years ago and have since tried to get along as well as I could with what help I could hire. I am getting tired of this and I have found that it is not well to trust others with so much.

"It is too much for me to look after things, and things are not as I want them, anyway. My idea of them is to take a partner whom I can trust everything, and as we have no acquaintances ourselves, I have decided that every applicant I have considered favorably must make a satisfactory deposit of cash or security. I think that is the best way for parties to keep away grafters who are always looking for such opportunities, as I have had experience with them, as I can prove.

"Now, if you think that you are able in some way to put up $1000 cash we can talk matters over personally. If you cannot, is it worth while to consider? I would not care for you as a hired man, as I am tired of that and need a little rest in my home and near my children. I will close for this time. With friendly regards.

MRS. P. S. GUINNESS.

"Laporte, Ind."

SHOOTS DOWN DIVORCED WIFE.

Jealous Man Mortally Wounds Her Companion, Too.

Kenosha, Wis.—Enraged because his wealthy wife had obtained a divorce from him, Martin Schleyer shot her fatally, and also Herman Koehler, whom he suspected of having won her affections. Both Mrs. Schleyer and Koehler were taken to the hospital, where the surgeons said they would die as a result of their wounds.

Mrs. Schleyer was one of the largest property owners in this section of the State. She and her husband quarreled about a year ago, and he went to Portland, Ore. In his absence his wife obtained a divorce. Schleyer heard of it several weeks ago and returned here.

THE PULPIT.

A SCHOLARLY SUNDAY SERMON BY DR. T. CALVIN M'CLELLAND.

Theme: The Divinity of Christ.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—Dr. T. Calvin McClelland, pastor of the Memorial Presbyterian Church, Seventh avenue and St. John's place, preached Sunday morning on "The Divinity of Christ: One Way in Which a Man May Come to Believe in It." The text was John 1:14: "The word became flesh and dwelt among us, and we beheld His glory, glory as of an only begotten from a Father, full of grace and truth." Dr. McClelland said:

My theme is "The Divinity of Christ: One Way in Which a Man May Come to Believe in It." What do we mean by the divinity of Christ? I would not be theological or metaphysical; this is a sermon for practical men, for men who want to believe in this fundamental truth of our religion. Do we mean by calling Jesus divine that He is God; that is, all of God? We could not mean that, for Jesus Himself said, "My Father is greater than I." Jesus stands for God, speaks for God, acts for God, His ideas are God's, His feelings are God's so much so that Jesus and God are one; we see nothing in Jesus but God. For all practical purposes for religion Jesus is God; for us He has the spiritual value of God, He is God. And yet in reality Jesus is not God; though He can say in a very true sense, "He that hath seen Me hath seen the Father." He also says, "The Father is greater than I." Does not the apostle exactly express it when he writes, "The word was made flesh and dwelt among us, and we beheld His glory," not the Father's glory, mark you, "but glory as of an only begotten of the Father, full of," not the Father's omniprescence, omnipotence and omniscience, but full of the Father's "grace and truth." And so, though theologically Jesus is not all of God, yet practically I know that when I fall on my knees before Jesus and say, "My Lord and my God," I am giving Him His true name.

Do we mean by calling Jesus divine than He was something other than man, a foreigner from some alien life to the country of human nature? Were we tempted to think that, the sight of Him praying with plain men, "Our Father," would bring us to our senses. We cannot think of Jesus as unhuman when we hear Him say to plain men, "Follow Me," which means, "You can do what I do, you can be what I am." Would you translate the term "a human being" into Jesus' language, you could find no better term than His favorite name for Himself, "Son of Man." In so calling Himself Jesus meant that we should know that He was blood of our blood, spirit of our spirit. He was like us not in middle life only, but in infancy, in death and after death. Jesus' divinity makes Him not different in kind, only different in degree; He is man, but more man than we. The likeness of Jesus to us is patent, but it is the difference we need to realize; the likness without the difference were meaningless and useless. If He were just man, what gain? The world is full of men. It is His difference from us that counts. It is the difference from us which makes it impossible for us to call Him Jesus the Great, which makes Him Jesus the Only. Charles Lamb once said, "If Shakespeare was to come into this room, we should all rise up to meet him; but if that Person was to come into it, we should fall down and try to kiss the hem of His garment." It is the difference between Jesus and us which makes us feel unworthy to put our lips to the fringe of His cloak. It is the difference which makes us call Jesus divine in a way in which we can use the word in reference to no one else.

And now what is that difference, what is this divinity of Jesus? Just this, that whatever Jesus said or did, He left on men the impression of God; like a telescope at or through which we cannot look without thinking of the heavens, Jesus always brought God near. Always in Jesus' presence there is this unavoidable feeling of God. When He spoke, conscience heard in His voice the tones of its infinite author; when He looked at one, the soul felt its eternal judge searching its innermost secrets; when He acted, one knew that it was as the great God would act; when He died, men felt that they had seen all of God that human hearts could apprehend; henceforth they knew that there was nothing in God a human mind could grasp but Christ. For all purposes of living Jesus is all we know of God; in Him the soul meets God, God meets the soul.

Now how can a man come to believe that? Believe not that Jesus is the Absolute God, breaking for the first time into a world from which up to this time He had existed apart in the inscrutable solitudes of infinity; believe not that Jesus is some unhuman wedge driven into natural human life; but believe that in Jesus the unseen God looks out upon us, the moral character of the Deity becomes flesh, and in that flesh is seen to be grace and truth.

How can a man believe that? You will not think as I point out this way that it is the only way in which one can come to believe that Jesus is the image of the invisible God; I give it to you as only one practical way in which men built as I am may come to kneel at the manger and say: "Here was born my Lord and my God."

First, then, the man who would believe in the divinity of our Lord will bring his reason to the study of the Gospel. He will want to know if the record is the story of a real life. Here, as I have intimated, reason is satisfied. Tested by the laws of e dence the Gospels are known to be genuine record, and the facts th account for are the best attested fac in history. He can begin immed ately with the Christ Himself. Pu ting the sayings and doings togethe we get some idea of Jesus' characte And the first thing that strikes you His absolute stainlessness; He did n sin; the narrative does not say this- it goes without the saying; His li was lived in the open, but the spoili world left no spot on Him; He spe His time among the moral lepers, b no contagion fastened on Him; brot erhood with the sinfullest He claim except in this, their sense of guil He, in the presence of whom othe cried, "Depart from me, for I a guilty," had no confession for Hi self. Saints among men tell how th toil through repentance into sanctit but here is One who looked into t face of the Almighty with no remor under the shadow of that end whe men most feel a shrinking from an i evitable sifting. He spake. "I hav finished the work Thou gavest Me t do." His case is without parallel This sinlessness separates Him no only from the sinner, but also from the saint; He stands alone.

But you have seen the least when you have found out He did no wrong He always did the right. Every wo and act outruns conscience; He ma a new character. The first eleme was humility; the word was not ne in His time, the Greeks had an equiv alent for it meaning "coward;" Jesu made the base-born word the key word of Christian character. If eve there was a world-lord it was He, an yet He was among men as one tha serveth. And since then service ha been reckoned the crowning grace o character, and men have stretche out their lame hands to seize an wear it. Another element of Jesus character was love; this, too, He cre ated; not that none had loved Jesus came, but none had loved the time, under all circumstances, a men. With Jesus love was layin down one's life in the way God give the sun and rain, without stint, with out partiality, for good and bad. Thi was a new idea, and since Jesus liv His idea has been the standard mea ure of love; anything less than th which measures up to a cross is no love.

Another element in Jesus' charac ter was forgiveness. This virtue wa not unknown; but they who practiced it aforetime did it under no sense of necessity. It was a work of supererogation. A man was not bound to for give; did he, he had a lien on the gods. Jesus said a man was bound to forgive, only so could he know God; and there rises before us th vision of One whose countenance wa marred more than any man's, who was led as a lamb to the slaughter, and while they butchered Him, He prayed, "Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do." In this sort of character you have something that stands by itself. No other char acter is the match for it. The man who wears it is in a class by Himself.

But we must go on, we are carried farther. It is like this: Here is an organ. Someone tells me that there is in this chest wonderful harmonies. I go up to it. I examine its mechanism. I see that it is an organ; I read the name-plate on the console and get this guarantee of its possibilities. go inside the case and look into th great tubes and horns of wood an metal and I agree that it is good f all that is claimed for it. There ma be unguessed harmonies in this ma of mechanism; there may be voice thunder, moanings like those of th great deep, melodies like those bir sing at twilight. I allow that the may be all these things in this orga But, suddenly some one touches t keys, and the great thing springs in life; it sings itself and me away. hear in it the voices of the wind, th murmurings of the little rivers, t distant calls of the gathering clou

You, too, have been using y eyes, your reason is the eye of y soul, but your soul has an ear, and while you were watching Jesus, studying Him to find out if indeed He is divine, did your ear hear nothing, were there no voices from that Life which caught your spirit and led to lean out of the window enrapture with sounds that were heavenly, son immortal? What do I mean? Th the divinity of Jesus is more than fact for the intellect, it is a force fo the conscience. Study Jesus and yo find Him studying you; read the Go pels, and you discover that your so is being read. Other men speak an you are interested. Jesus speaks an conscience takes notice. The great among men make you think of things. Cromwell makes you think of power, Raphael of beautiful lights, Mendelssohn of beautiful sounds and pauses but Jesus—the very name is a cha lenge. Are you your better self your worse self? You cannot g away from the challenge; a Life h clinched with you.

The eye sees the organ and allow it is fit to make music; the ear hea the music and allows that it is organ. The reason appraises the M of the Gospel and says, "If this M were not of God He could do not ing;" the spirit kneels and whisper "My Lord and my God." The tota manhood agrees, "The word wa made flesh, and dwelt among us an we beheld His glory; glory as of, a only begotten of a Father, full o grace and truth." After all, brothers we do all believe in the divinity o Christ, do we not? It is not that w all have the same words with whic to describe it; there are still creed and creeds; but as under the fug on the organ's flutes there throbs t undertone of the sixteen foot p diapason, so beneath the detai Unitarian and Trinitarian, under ing the intricacies of new theo and old theology, throbs for the that will listen for it, the deep senting faith in the divine C "God was in Christ."

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE. Editor and Owner.
L. L. PARKER. Publisher.

THE ITEM WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50
THREE MONTHS.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

MILL CREEK.

I. N. Foust was on the sick list Sunday.

Mr. Ira Foust has been on the sick list during the past week.

Miss Almira Rhodes, of Huntingdon, was a visitor in town Saturday last.

Watson Yocum, of Huntingdon, was a caller at the home of John Simpson Sunday last.

Mrs. Katherine Buchanan spent a couple of days with friends in Harrisburg and Middletown last week.

Mrs. Margaret Laidlow is spending a couple weeks with her husband at Hunker, Westmoreland county, where he is employed by the Sims Company.

The state road working is progressing finely. A few months will give us use of this good piece of road which has not come to this part of the county too soon.

Edward Noon who has been an invalid for several months is reported somewhat improved, but not yet able to be moved to his home in the east end of town, from the house he and his family occupied during the past year.

Mrs. Nancy Simpson, while feeding her flock of poultry Friday last, stepped on a nail projecting from a board. The wound produced on her foot became quite sore, so that for several days she has been unable to use her foot.

Dr. E. T. Robinson, of Fowler, Kansas, arrived at Mill Creek Friday last with a car load of household goods and six horses. The doctor will locate at Allensville, taking the field recently practiced in by Dr. Pyle. He originally was a native of New Jersey, but for the past few years has been a resident of the land of big corn fields and grasshoppers. He thinks the scenery of the Juniata valley far exceeds that of the prairie lands of Kansas.

TROUGH CREEK.

Where, O where, is our supervisor?

A new roof has been placed on the M. E. church at Calvin.

A. W. Wright and wife Sundayed at the home of H. H. Bumgardner.

U. G. David, one of our blacksmiths at Pumpkin Center, is housed with rheumatism.

Prospects of fruit are promising in the valley if the cold weather lets up before it is killed.

William Hazzard visited his sister-in-law, Mrs. Prudence Freweek, of McVeytown, recently.

Quite a number from our valley attended the funeral of Mr. G. D. Wood at Mapleton on 27th ult.

J. C. Shaffer, who suffered a paralytic stroke two years ago, is seriously ill at his home in Calvin.

A new blacksmith shop near Pumpkin Center is about completed and will be in charge of Mr. Ralston.

We are sorry to note the illness of Mrs. Annie Gosnell at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Wesley Taylor.

The Sunday School at Calvin is growing. The interest taken by old and young is very encouraging to the superintendent, P. A. Pheasant.

We were glad in the midst of sorrow to take by the hands our old friends, William Spangler, of Fulton county, and Mrs. Charles Stapleton, of Saxton.

Recent visitors in our valley: Mrs. Luther Smith, of Altoona, Lynn Steel, of Bellwood, and Mrs. Harry Speck and children, of Juniata township.

LATTA GROVE.

The wet weather is putting our farmers back with their corn.

Miss Fannie Chilcote, of Orbisonia, is visiting at I. N. Querry's.

Allen Walker has gone to Shavers Creek to work for Milton Mierley.

G. W. Dell and family, of Smith valley, were Sunday visitors at L. E. Dell's.

H. E. Walker and lady friend, of Huntingdon, spent Sunday at D. H. Walker's.

Miss Viola Mierley who has been ill with diphtheria for the past month is still in a critical condition.

The people of Latta Grove and vicinity made a donation to Henry Monihen, of Cassville. Mr. Monihen has been unable to work for the past two months on account of rheumatism.

Those who attended the banquet at the I. O. S. of A. hall on Saturday evening from a distance were Prof. J. G. Dell, of Huntingdon; Samuel Barkley, of Nossville; and Clarence Brininger and family, of Saltillo.

A merry party of friends, about seventy in number, assembled at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Q. Dell last Thursday and joined their son Lloyd in celebrating the twenty-first anniversary of his birth. The parents threw open the home to the guests and all together they had a royal, good time. Supper was served the party, with ice cream as a delicacy. A number of beautiful presents were bestowed upon the young man and about midnight the guests took their leave wishing him the opportunity of celebrating many more birthday anniversaries.

CASSVILLE.

Rev. McClain returned from a visit to his children at Harrisburg last week.

Miss Sue Spangler is at home again after a visit at Mapleton with her sister, Mrs. Wood.

Rev. I. J. Reeser left on Monday to attend General Conference which is in session at Baltimore, Md.

We are sorry to record the serious illness of Mrs. Annie Gosnell. Her son, J. B. Gosnell, of Williamsburg, is with her.

Our people were delighted to find that Prof. J. G. Dell, who was once a boy in our midst, had again been chosen to lead the educational forces. It is a good thing for a man to be known as a clean, pure, upright man, at home. College course, social prestige, wealth, all dwindle away before this.

Generally speaking, Mapleton folks did not take kindly to "Mother's Day" suggestion, consequently white carnations were conspicious by their absence Sunday. In Pittsburg and other large places the day was observed not only by Americans but by every nationality represented in their population. Our people will be in line by May 10, 1909.

Insist upon DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. There are substitutes, but there is only one original. It is healing, soothing and coolling and is especially good for piles. Sold by Geo. W. Wright.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are small, safe, sure and gentle little pills. Sold by Geo. W. Wright.

Proper Clothes for Men, Young Men and Boys

Are You Ready for Decoration Day, or Do You Need a New Suit, New Hat, Pair of New Shoes or any Kind of Wearing Apparel?

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

The popularity of the Clothing Department of this store is growing day by day. A record of ten suits in a single day is no uncommon thing with us but when a store saves its trade $2.00 on a low priced suit and as much as $5.00 to $6.00 on a better suit it is easily understood why we are selling the majority of Clothing sold in this community. If you want a suit that will wear and keep its shape come to us.

Boy's knee pants suits.....$1.35 to $4.50
Young mens' suits.....$2.75 to $8.00
Mens' Nobby suits.....$3.50 to $15.00
Mens' blue serge suits, single and double breasted at $10.00 are big bargains and big sellers,

SNAPPY SHOES

Over three thousand pairs of shoes sold last year by this store, a shoe business in itself but we are not satisfied and 1908 must go ahead of this record.

Walkover shoes for men have no superior and in style, fit wear and comfort Walkover every other shoe.

You'll want a pair when you see them unless you don't want a real good shoe for dress use.

Many shoes are lower this season than last.

Boys' Satin Calf shoes.....$1.10 were $1.30
Boys Will Wear shoes.....$1.40 were $1.75
Mens' Buckle Plow shoes.....$1.25 were $1.50
Mens' Lace shoes.....$1.25 were $1.50
Mens' Never Fail shoes.....$1.25 per pair
Freed Brothers all leather shoes for work at $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 and $2.25 are the most satisfactory shoe made—price considered.

Our Worthmore blucher cut and bals for women were big sellers last season and should be more popular than ever since the price has been reduced to $1.30. Try one pair of these unless you want a better one at $1.75, $2.00 up to $3.00 per pair.

OXFORDS

Many people have been converted to the use of Oxfords for this style of footwear is growing more popular each season.

Little patent and tan oxfords for the wee baby, Patent leather oxfords for the little tot just walking, Plain leather, Tan and patent leather for the romping boy or proud little miss.

Tan, patent leather in front and side, lace, button and strap sandals for the young and middle aged lady and all that is desirable in boys and men's oxfords are found in our stock.

NOBBY HATS

Don't neglect your headgear.

What looks worse than an old hat looking down on a new suit and shoes,

Your wardrobe would not be complere without a brown or black Derby or soft hat in one of the new spring shapes. We have 'em

Belts, Suspenders, Sporty neckwear, fancy hose, negligee shirts and collars of the right kind are here.

SHALL WE SEE YOU HERE?

Harry E. Huston

SALTILLO, PA.

Both Grateful.

Judge is responsible for this latest illustration of the retort courteous:

Street railway superintendent—"I don't think we can use you any longer. Your cash register doesn't ring often enough."

Conductor—"I have got rheumatism and can't reach up to the register cord."

Superintendent—"All right. I think you need a long vacation."

Conductor—"I am much obliged to you for allowing me to run the car as long as you have."

Superintendent—"Don't mention it. I'm much obliged to you for bringing the car back."

Memorial Sermon.

Rev. Samuel McClain, late of Co. C, 203rd Penn'a. Vol. Infantry, has been secured to preach the Memorial sermon for Capt. Charles Mitchell Post, No. 521, G. A. R., in the M. P. church, in Cassville, on May 24th at 2.30 p. m. Members of the Grand Army should not miss this service. Everybody cordially invited to attend.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between Geoge W. Wright and Leonard M. Dell, doing business under the firm name of Wright & Dell, dealers in General Merchandise, Mapleton Depot, Pa., has this day been dissolved by mutual agreement, Leonard M. Dell retiring. George W. Wright will continue the business and the books and accounts of the firm will reman in his hands for settlement.

GEORGE W. WRIGHT,
LEONARD M. DELL.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., April 23, 1908.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

(Estate of G. Dorsey Wood, deceased.)

Letters of Administration upon the estate of G. Dorsey Wood, late of Mapleton Borough, Huntingdon County, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned administratrix, by the Register of said County, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are required to make prompt payment, and persons having claims against the same will present them duly probated to

HATTIE WOOD,
Administratrix,
Mapleton Depot, Pa.

W. M. Henderson, Attorney,
May 2, 1908. 6t

GERMANY WANTS A PATENT TREATY.

Congressman Focht's Bill Stirs European Countries.

Representatives of the German manufacturing interests are earnestly urging the government to enter into negotiations with the United States with a view to securing a treaty assuring better protection of the interests of holders of patent rights. They declare that a measure of this kind has become imperative, owing to the movement lately inaugurated in the United States, by the introduction in the American Congress by Representative Focht, of a bill looking to the adoption of regulations requiring that foreign firms acquiring patents shall manufacture a certain proportion of their goods in the United States.

In mercantile circles and at the patent office fear is expressed lest the Americans adopt the radical measures of Great Britain, where the enforcement of the regulations is proving a serious detriment to many German firms, which must build factories on British soil, employ British workingmen and bear greatly increased expense.

Officials at the government patent office are inclined to resent the idea that America will imitate this policy and suggest that unless the matter be made the subject of a friendly agreement Germany must retaliate by putting a severer construction on its own law, which permits the cancellation of patents under certain conditions, but which has been most liberally interpreted in the past.

Germany now has patent right treaties with other powers, and it is believed that the government will invite America to enter into an agreement of a similar kind.

Steven W. Wolf.

Steven W. Wolf died at Aitch, this county, at 12 o'clock, Sunday night, May 10, 1908, of Bright's disease. He was aged 57 years and is survived by his wife and several children. The body was taken yesterday to Luzerne county for interment.

Fire Protection In Our Factories.

The question of adequate fire protection is one that should engage the earnest attention of every manufacturer and owner of industrial property. Not only factories located in or near small towns where the fire fighting methods savor of the primitive but even more those in the center of large municipalities with superior facilities for combating the devouring element should have a fire department of their own upon their premises. Recent costly experience in large cities have taught the owners of industrial property important lessons, and the insurance companies have recognized the valuable aid of fire protection on the premises by approving certain systems after exhaustive practical tests.

The time lost in waiting for the engines, the revelations of defective hose, the appalling failure of water pressure at the critical moment, and the thousand and one things that happen to lessen the efforts of fire departments in a conflagration point to the importance of nipping the fire in the bud BEFORE the arrival of the municipal fire fighters if possible. The time to fight the fire is within the first five minutes after its incipiency. This seems almost axiomatic. It is utterly inadequate to recognize the importance of fire protection on the premises by stationing a few fire buckets in so-called strategic points. A few pails of water may extinguish the incipient blaze, but a more efficient method is a crying necessity. —*American Industries for May.*

A. E. Eichelberger, a well known insurance agent, of Altoona, came within an ace of ending the life of his young son, Elwood, aged 9 years, at his home, at an early hour Saturday morning, in mistaking him for a burglar. He was awakened from a sound sleep by hearing some one walking through the hall and suspicioned that it was a burglar whom his wife had thought she had previously heard in the lower part of the house. When the boy failed to answer the demand to know who was there he opened fire with a revolver. The shot took effect in the boy's right shoulder and inflicted a painful but not a serious or fatal wound.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., May 13, 1908.

UNION NATIONAL BANK

OF HUNTINGDON.

Cor. 5th and Penn Sts.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, President

J. C. HAZLETT, Vice President.

R. J. MATTERN, Cashier

DIRECTORS.

K. A. Lovell, J. C. Hazlett, John White, R. J Mattern, Thomas E. Africa, John Langdon and J. F. Schock.

Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.

Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms Blz.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

MOUNT UNION, PA

Officers

A. B. Gillam, President.
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Household individual banks furnished on application.

A general banking business done.

Interest allowed on time deposits.

Drafts issued on the principal commercial cities.

Absolute safety of investment and courteous treatment of patrons are assured to the public, whose patronage is respectfully invited.

WANTED—2,000 Cords Paper wood. I will pay the highest cash market price for all kinds of paper wood delivered on wharf at Mapleton also extract wood, Rock Oak and Chestnut. Prompt cash, payment as fast as wood is loaded, F. O. B. cars here. For furteer nformation, plerse writh me.

B. F. Baker.

Mapleton Depot, April 15. 1007. 4t

ON JACK'S MOUNTAIN.

A. G.

Far, far above the lowly valleys quiet,
The famous mountain Jack rears lofty peaks,
And in majestic granduer so sublime
To one and all of the Creator speaks.

Here monarchs of the forest stand alone,
Charred and blackened by some recent storm,
And monuments gigantic of dark grey stone
In silent beauty the mountain side adorn.

The noonday sun, with all its splendor, lights
The darkest nooks, and to the scene accords
A brightness of a glimmering golden sheen,
Which few if any mountain steep affords.

Softly glints the moonlight o'er the silent rocks
And shadows fall in sombre silvery hues,
Midst poplars tall, and pines with brushy tops,
Whose leafy arms reach out to catch the dews.

In bold relief against the sky so blue,
As sentinels the dark green hemlocks stand,
Near groves of maple of a lighter tint
Which blending forms a scene surpassing grand.

Here and there a crooked dogwood waves
Its spreading blossoms of the purest white,
The gum, and locust, the tassled chestnut too,
Not one of these rare beauties would we slight.

In circling graceful swirls, the wary hawk
Surveys the landscape in its hasty flight
From sparrows legion, who on vengeance bent,
This robber of the forest keep in sight.

Through mid-air, tree tops, glen and lowly vale,
The pirate they pursue in hottest chase,
Now mounting to the heaven, now to shaded dell
Ne'er once they falter in their valliant race.

All have a part and help adorn old Jack,
From the creation to the present day,
As ages come and go they each appear
By nature in their beauty all arrayed.

MARRIED.

GOSS—McMANUS—At Camden, New Jersey, April 7, 1908. Roy S. Goss, of Pine Grove Mills, Pa., and Maud Myton McManus, of Manor Hill, this county.

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED, DOCKED TIES—Will pay 20c each for sound ties that have been docked. H. O. Andrew, Mapleton Depot, Pa.
March 16th 4t.

FOR SALE—Hemlock fence pickets, 3 feet long, in hundred lots or less. L. L. Parker, Mapleton.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, one first class work mule; one wagon, 3⅜ steel skeins; one wagon, 3¼ metal skein; lot docked locust ties suitable for first class gate or fence posts. For further particulars inquire of K. W. MIERLEY, R. F. D. Mapleton Depot Pa.

Orchard Demonstration May 14.

James Dergy, representing the Division of Zoology of the State Department of agriculture, will give a public demonstration of the method of making and applying the best remedy for the Coddling moth at the demonstration orchard at the Huntingdon Reformatory one-half mile north of Huntingdon at 1 o'clock p. m., on May 14. 1908. All persons interested in fruit are invited to attend the demonstration, ask questions and receive the help that is offered free of charge by the State.

The "Fleece" Was White as Snow.

Mary had a piece of gum,
It was as white as snow;
And everywhere that Mary went
That gum was sure to go.
It followed her to school one day,
Which was against the rule;
The teacher took the gum away
And chewed it after school.

Mr. John Riha, of Vining, Ia., says "I have been selling DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills for about a year and they give better satisfaction than any pill I ever sold. There are a dozen people here who have used them and they give perfect satisfaction in every case. I have used them myself with fine results." Sold by Geo. W. Wright.

Central Banking Co

MOUNT UNION, PA.

T. H. ADAMS, President
W. T. BELL, Cashier

Discount Day—Wednesday

Stockholders Individually Liable.

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Caskets always in stock for Personal selection. Charges reasonable. Prompt, efficient service. Phone—Coles Valley, Eagle Foundry, People's and Saltillo lines.

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Blueprints and specifications. Jobbing promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms reasonable.

DR. ROY E. BLACK,

DENTIST.

621 Washington Street
Huntingdon, Pa.

All branches of the profession given careful attention. Telephone connection. 2-7-06

A. W. SWOPE

—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—

All business entrusted with him will receive proper attention.
Office on Main street.

W. H. WOODS. JAMES S. WOODS, Notary Public

W. H. & J. S. WOODS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No. 227 Penn Street. HUNTINGDON PA

S. P. STUBBS,

—CARPET WEAVER.—

and dealer in all kinds of Carpet Chain and Materials.

Prompt attention to business and satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable.

WM. REED & SONS, HUNTINGDON, PA

Store closes evenimgs at 8 o'clock; Saturdays at 9.

Black Dress Goods.

Nothing gauges a store's position more effectually than the line of Black Dress Fabrics it carries. This Department is one of the strongest features of this unusually strong store. Our Black Goods are chosen with greatest care from the most noteworthy and reliable firms in the country. The salesman from these great houses frequently compliment us on the variety of weaves and excellence of qualities we show and the prices we ask. We have never seen our qualities equalled in samples from any place, at any given price. You will find that our stock merits more than casual attention. Look it through carefully.

What is true of our Black Goods is also true of our Colored Dress Goods and our Silks.

JUST NOW THE DRESS GOODS STOCK is particularly full of the most beautiful things.

THE CARPET STORE.

Owing to the immense stock we carry is still full of the highest grades of floor coverings. These are always sold at the lowest possible prices.

Some "Special" Prices really "Special" make the buying of Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, etc., unusually interesting just now. A few minutes spent in this department will show what we mean.

Wm. Reed & Sons,

Huntingdon, Pa.

L. W. ZERBY, Jeweler,

SOLID GOLD RINGS,

Penn St., HUNTINGDON, PA.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Careful attention given to every branch of the profession. Special attention to Crown and Bridge Work. For painless extraction NITROUS OXIDE GAS or LOCAL ANÆSTHETIC administered.

Telephone connection 8-1-00-tf

Pocket Ledgers 5c to 25c each at the Item Stationery Department

Special Doings in Hats, Ladies', Gents' AND BOYS CLOTHING AT CROWNOVER & ISENBERG'S,

HEADQUARTERS FOR GENERAL MERCHANDISE, SALTILLO, PA.

In clothing for men, Youths and Boys our line is complete and up to date in every particular. In fine Blue Serges you cannot afford to miss seeing these goods before you buy; the prices are away down. They are exceptional values. We have 'em $10 to $12. See our newest styles of Gents' woven stripes and plaids. The price is $12. These are the newest designs the market can afford and the price is from $5 to $7 cheaper than you can buy them in a larger town. In Youths' and Boys' clothing we have them in all styles and prices that will surprise the most critical buyers. They are as low as good goods and workmanship will permit them. If you cannot be suited in stock we can have you measured and suit made to order and back to you in four days and at about the same price as you buy them out of stock. This is progress in the clothing Business.

A Few Words About Hats

This is practicly a new line to us and we have tried to get you the best at prices as low as the cheapest. In stiff hats we have the newest blocks shown on the market the prices are $1.50 to $2.50 each, In caps we have them for Gents' Youths and Boys; prices 10c to 50c each.

In straw hats we have a full line; prices 5c to $1.50. This line is very complete. See the 10c and 25c bargain counters in straw hats, caps and felt hats. Third floor.

Ladies Skirts and Waists

IN LADIES SKIRTS our line is complete. We have them from $1.25 to $8.00. IN LADIES WAISTS our lines are in good shape prices from 50c to $3.48. We have them in silk, net covered silk and lawns. Come in and see them. Second floor front.

Spring and Summer Footwear.

In shoes our Sprieg lines are about complete. Spring ann Summer oxfords are about all in stock and come up to our expectations in every particular. All prices.

In DRY GOODS, NOTIONS and GROCERIES space will not permit us to numerate all the specials in these lines but we urge you to call and see for yourself and be convinced that we are headquarters for General Mdse.

YOURS FOR BUSINESS,

CROWNOVER & ISENBERG,

Saltillo, Huntingdon County, Penna.

Wall Paper

Just received first shipment of Wall Paper ranging in price from 5 to 15 cts.

Also have samples from one of the largest Wall Paper houses in America.

Here you have over 1000 samples to select from.

A. M. PARKER,

Cor. Main and Sherman Sts., MAPLETON, PA.

Kodol

Guaranteed
To Give Satisfaction or Your Money Back.

If, after using two-thirds of a $1.00 bottle of Kodol, you can honestly say it has not benefited you, we will refund your money. Try Kodol today, on this guarantee. Fill out and sign the following, present it to the dealer at the time of purchase. If it fails to satisfy you, return the bottle containing one-third of the medicine to the dealer from whom you bought it, and we will refund your money.

Town_____ State_____

Sign here_____

CUT THIS OUT

FOR INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.
RELIEVES SOUR STOMACH, BELCHING, ETC. E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

SOLD BY WRIGHT & DELL.

THE CHOICEST CIGARS AND TOBACCO

On the market are the kinds from which our stock is selected. The following 5-cent brands speak for themselves: Dundreary, Buck, Square Deal, Wild Indian and Happy Sam. The well-known "El Galleo" brands of 10c. and 25c. cigars in stock. Popular and select brands of chewing and smoking tobacco. For pipe or cigarrette smoke Continental Cubes, Tuxedo and Old English Curve Cut.

McCorkle's — — Pool — — Parlor

Basement Floor, S. E. Corner Wright Building - - Mapleton, Penna.

ruth and Quality

l to the Well-Informed in every of life and are essential to permanent ss and creditable standing. Accor-, it is not claimed that Syrup of Figs Elixir of Senna is the only remedy of n value, but one of many reasons it is the best of personal and family ives is the fact that it cleanses, tens and relieves the internal organs which it acts without any debilitating effects and without having to increase quantity from time to time.

acts pleasantly and naturally and as a laxative, and its component s are known to and approved by sicians, as it is free from all objection-e substances. To get its beneficial cts always purchase the genuine—nufactured by the California Fig Syrup ., only, and for sale by all leading drug-sts.

France has more than 300 daily newspers.

ITS, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. H. R. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The length of the foot should be one sixth the height of a person.

Ask Your Dealer For Allen's Foot-Ease powder. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Unions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Gravy.

What is gravy? A compound and a blend, derived mostly from meats and seasonings. A substitution of one letter makes grave out of gravy; and it is to the grave that gravy leads.—New York Press.

People Tell Each Other About Good Things.

Twelve years ago few people in the world knew of such a preparation as a Powder for the Feet. To-day after the genuine merit of Allen's Foot-Ease has been told year after year by one gratified person to another, there are millions who would as soon go without a dentifrice as without Allen's Foot-Ease. It is a cleanly, wholesome, healing, antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes, which has given rest and comfort to tired and aching feet in all parts of the world. It cures while you walk. Over 30,000 testimonials of cures of smarting, swollen, perspiring feet. It prevents friction and wear of the stockings and will save in your stocking bill ten times its cost each year. Imitations pay the dealer a larger profit, otherwise, you would never be offered a substitute when you ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, the original powder for the feet. Imitations are not advertised because they are not permanent. For every genuine article there are many imitations. The imitator has no reputation to sustain—the advertiser has. It stands to reason that the advertised article is the best, otherwise the public would not buy it and the advertising could not be continued. When you ask for an article advertised in this paper, see that you get it. Refuse imitations.

Soon!

The days will soon be getting shorter and the coal bills longer.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

LITTLE BOY KEPT SCRATCHING.

Eczema Lasted 7 Years—Face was All Raw — Skin Specialists Failed, But Cuticura Effected Cure.

"When my little boy was six weeks old an eruption broke out on his face. I took him to a doctor, but his face kept on getting worse until it got so bad that no one could look at him. His whole face was one crust and must have been very painful. He scratched day and night until his face was raw. Then I took him to all the best specialists in skin diseases, but they could not do much for him. The eczema got his arms and legs and we cculd not get a night's sleep in months. I got a set of Cuticura Remedies and he felt relieved the first time I used them. I gave the Cuticura Remedies a good trial and gradually the eczema healed all up. He is now seven years old and I think the trouble will never return. Mrs. John G. Klumpp, 80 Niagara St., Newark, N. J., Oct. 17 and 22, 1907."

Solitude en Masse.

Here is an extract from the prospectus of a hotel in Switzerland: "Weissbach is the favorite place of resort for those who are fond of solitude. Persons in search of solitude are, in fact, constantly flocking here from the four quarters of the globe."—Tatler.

AT A CRITICAL TIME.

Women Are Likely to Suffer With Dangerous Kidney Disorders.

Mrs. John Kirk, R. F. D. No. 2, Detroit, Mich., says: "Five years ago at a critical time of life I was on the verge of a collapse with kidney troubles, backache, dizziness, puffy dropsy swellings and urinary irregularities. I lost flesh and felt languid, nervous or unstrung all the time. As my doctor did not help me, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. In a few weeks all these symptoms left me. I now weigh 163 pounds and feel in excellent health."

50 cents a box.

NEWS BY WIRE

COURT SUSTAINS RACING LAW.

Frankfort, Ky.—The Court of Appeals refused to dissolve the injunction againt the city authorities of Louisville preventing them from interfering with the betting at the present Churchill Downs meeting. The effect of the decision is to permit betting under the present pari-mutuel system and upholds the constitutionality of the statute which permits pari-mutuel machines and auctions pools on a race track during a regular race meeting.

Ex-Representative Smyser Dies.

Wooster, Ohio.—Ex-Representative Martin L. Smyser was stricken with apoplexy at his home and died before physicians arrived.

Wyoming For Taft.

Lander, Wyo.—Wyoming Republicans in State convention instructed for Taft.

Johnson Carries Minnesota.

St. Paul.—Governor Johnson won every district in the Democratic primary and carried all but two of the eighty-five counties.

Bar Copper-Treated Foods.

Washington, D. C.—Foods greened with copper salts will not be entitled to entry into the United States under the Pure Food and Drugs law after January 1.

Steel Plant Resumes.

Pittsburg. — The Allegheny steel plant at Tarentum started up in full, giving employment to more than 1000 men. During the winter the plant had been running on half time.

Mexican Newspapers Organize.

Aguascalientes, Mexico.—The first convention of Mexican newspaper owners was held here. Its object is to form a permanent organization.

Bishop Brent Goes to Washington.

Washington, D. C.—Bishop Chas. N. Brent, Episcopal Bishop of the Philippines, was elected Bishop of the Diocese of Washington.

Orchard Reprieved Till July 2.

Boise. — Governor Gooding reprieved Harry Orchard until July 2.

H. H. Tucker, Jr., Found Not Guilty.

Topeka, Kan.—A jury in the case of H. H. Tucker, Jr., charged with using the mails in a scheme to defraud in promoting the Uncle Sam Oil Company, brought in a verdict of not guilty.

Rooster Kills Child.

Chattanooga, Tenn.—Max Crockett, Jr., fifteen months old, is dead at Lewisburg of wounds inflicted by a rooster.

Receivers Get $25,000 Each.

Providence, R. I.—Treasurer Rathbone Gardner, Vice-President James M. Scott and Director C. S. Sweetland, of the reorganized Union Trust Company, get $25,000 each as receivers for six months by a court award.

Erie Canal Open—Wheat Shipment.

Buffalo. — Canalboats, carrying about 364,000 bushels of wheat, passed through immediately when the Erie Canal was formally opened.

Press Took Off Toes.

Des Moines, Iowa. — Getting too near a printing press the Rev. O. D. Elliott, editor of the Iowa Prohibitionist and Prohibition candidate for Governor, lost three toes of his right foot.

$5000 Monument to Pocahontas.

Washington, D. C.—Pocahontas is to have a monument. A tardy Government finally has appropriated $5000 for the erection of a shaft at Jamestown on the spot where the daughter of Powhatan saved Captain John Smith. The statue has been designed by William Ordway Partridge, of New York City.

Need Not List Passengers.

Washington, D. C.—A House committee voted to recommend the passage of a bill to relieve excursion steamers and passenger vessels of the Hudson River and Fall River lines class from recording and preserving the names of passengers.

No More Bucket Shops.

Providence, R. I.—The bill prohibiting the operation of so-called "bucket shops" passed both branches of the Rhode Island Legislature. The measure becomes operative on September 1 next.

Diamond Trade Picks Up.

New York City.—Diamond importers say that the tide has turned in their business.

Canteen Defeated in House.

Washington, D. C.—By the overwhelming vote of 167 to 46, and following a two hours' debate, the House of Representatives again went on record against the re-establishment of the canteen in national soldiers' homes.

Increases All Army Salaries.

Washington, D. C.—The army appropriation bill as agreed upon by the Senate and House conferees, makes a flat increase of $500 a year in the pay of officers and of thirty-five per cent. in the pay of enlisted men. The bill as finally agreed to carries $95,382,246.

Roman Bishop of Richmond Resigns.

Richmond, Va. — Bishop Van de Vyver, of this Catholic see, has resigned, and will return to his old home in Belgium.

Chicago Loses 125 Saloons.

Chicago.—There are 125 fewer saloons in Chicago than there were before May 1. During tht last six months there were 7211 dramshops, but for the current period only 7068 applied for licenses. Even of this number seventy-six licenses have been held up. This will mean a loss of at least $125,000 a year to the city in saloon revenue.

Kentucky For Taft.

Louisville, Ky.—The State Republican Convention instructed for Taft; Governor Wilson heads the delegation.

Canada For White Men.

Ottawa, Ontario.—An arrangement has been made by the British and Canadian Governments for the exclusion of Hindu immigration from India.

NEWS BY CABLE

ENGLAND GIVES $30,000,000 FOR OLD AGE PENSIONS.

London.—Premier Asquith produced the budget before a densely crowded House. The galleries allotted to peers and strangers were filled to overflowing. The House is always filled on budget day, but this gathering was abnormal, the magnet being the anticipated announcement of old age pensions. The budget provides for pensions of $1.25 weekly for all persons more than seventy excepting criminals, lunatics and paupers. It is estimated that the maximum number of pensioners is not likely to exceed 500,000, and the cost must not exceed $30,000,000 in any one year. Married couples are to have $1.80 weekly between them. The charge for pensions is to be a national, not a local, burden. The scheme is not to be operative until January, 1909. No one in receipt of more than $2.50 a week income will be admissible.

$16,000,000 For Docks.

Liverpool. — The Mersey Dock Board has finally approved a big scheme for the extension of the docking facilities of Liverpool, to cost over $16,000,000. The rapidly increasing trade with America has made necessary an enlargement of the existing facilities.

British Trade Falls Off.

London.—The April statement of the Board of Trade shows decreases of $48,414,000 in imports and $18,557,500 in exports. The principal decrease in imports is found in raw materials, of which wool shows $10,000,000 and cotton from America $17,500,000.

Jap Mob Wrecks French Factory.

Tokio, Japan.—A mob of eighty men attacked a timber factory owned by Frenchmen in the village of Llino and did damage estimated at about $50,000. The Frenchmen saved themselves by flight. Half of the rioters have been arrested.

Cuban Sugar Crop Saved.

Havana, Cuba.—The rains are now general and the sugar crop is assured.

Japan Kicks at China's Boycott.

Pekin, China. — Baron Hayashi, Japanese Minister to China, has handed in a protest from his Government to the Chinese Foreign Board against the Chinese boycott on Japanese goods arising from the Tatsu Maru

Japanese Monument to Russians.

Harbin, Manchuria. — A detachment of the local garrison left here for Port Arthur, at the invitation of the Japanese military authorities, to take part in the dedication ceremonies of a Japanese monument to the Russian dead at Port Arthur.

Porto Rico Lottery Crusade.

San Juan, Porto Rico.—Customs Inspector Matheson arrested Armando Benitez at Ponce on board the Cuban steamship Julia, from Santo Domingo, with 600 lottery tickets and some prize lists in his possession. The Federal authorities are trying to stop the introduction into the island of lottery tickets from different countries.

Hope Diamond is Sold.

Paris.—The famous Hope diamond, latterly owned by the Joseph Frankel's Sons Company, of New York, has been sold here, it is reported, for $400,000. It is believed to have been bought for the Sultan of Turkey.

New Bolivian President.

La Paz, Bolivia.—Fernando Guachalla was elected President of Bolivia, in succession to Senor Ismael Mondes, whose term expires August 14 next.

Kaiser Invites Dr. Hill.

Berlin. — The Kaiser has invited Dr. David J. Hill, the new American Ambassador, to attend the [illegible]

2 SLAIN THROUGH A WINDOW

Assassin's Victim's Were Seated at Family Card Table.

Jerry Apple and Albert Crowder Killed in a Cabin on Apple's Island, in Black Lake, N. Y.

Ogdensburg, N. Y. — Royal Dunning was arrested near his home on a small island in Black Lake, St. Lawrence County, following the murder the night before of his father-in-law, Jerry Apple, and the latter's son-in-law, Albert Crowder. News of the tragedy was brought to Watertown by Mrs. Dunning, who escaped from the house late at night and fled through the woods.

Dunning and his wife quarreled, and Mrs. Dunning went to her father's cabin. Dunning appeared at the cabin late at night and sought to bring about a reconciliation. Failing in this, he went away. Apple and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Crowder, and Mrs. Dunning then took seats around a table to play a game of cards. Apple sat nearest the cabin window.

The crash of a shotgun outside terrified the players. The window was shattered by a charge of buckshot and Jerry Apple fell to the floor, killed instantly. The others jumped up from the table in an effort to get out of range. Crowder had reached the stairs leading to the loft of the cabin when a second shot was fired. He, also, was instantly killed, a charge of shot entering his neck. His hand still grasped the cards which he held as he jumped up from the table. Other shots were fired through the shattered windows, but the survivors of the family had succeeded in reaching places of safety.

Ben Hardor, a boarder, was in the cabin at the time, and told the authorities that he saw Dunning fire the first shot. Members of the family say that when Dunning left after failing to reconcile his wife, who said he had been drinking, he called to her:

"You will be sorry for this!"

Dunning stoutly maintains his innocence. The Coroner, Sheriff and District Attorney are on the scene, and they say there is evidence that others beside Dunning are implicated in the double murder.

MILLION AND A HALF FIRE.

Two Atlanta Blocks Burned — Poor Water Supply.

Atlanta, Ga.—Two business blocks were destroyed by a fire which for a time threatened the entire downtown district, owing to the poor water pressure. The loss is estimated at $1,500,000. There was no loss of life.

The fire started in the Schlessinger-Meyer Baking Company, Madison and Nelson streets, and spread across the street to the Terminal Hotel, containing 200 guests, who hurriedly escaped. Spreading from Madison to Nelson street, the fire ate its way into the Liquid Carbonic Company structure, and in a few minutes there were two terrific explosions. The fire stopped after ruining the Childs Hotel. Across the street postoffice Station B, the Southern Suspender Company, the Southern Handkerchief Manufacturing Company, the Georgia Vehicle Company, the Piedmont Hat Company and McClure's Ten Cent Store were all destroyed.

ADMIRAL EVANS QUITS FLEET.

Resigns Command at San Francisco From Ill Health.

San Franciso, Cal.—Rear-Admiral Robley D. Evans relinquished command of the Atlantic fleet to Rear-Admiral Charles M. Thomas. Worn with his exertions, when he was wheeled in a chair to the banquet room of the St. Francis Hotel and spoke for some minutes to the assembled guests amid scenes of wild enthusiasm, Admiral Evans next day rested in his room at the hotel.

His flag at the masthead of the Connecticut was hauled down with a salute of thirteen guns from the ship. At the same instant the red flag of Admiral Thomas, floating on the Minnesota, was hauled down with similar honors and the Admiral, accompanied by his aides, Lieutenant Castleman and Lieutenant Berrien, entered his barge and was conveyed to the Connecticut.

FIVE MEN DROWN.

Naphtha Launch Upsets on Its First Trip at Newburyport, Mass.

Newburyport, Mass.—Five out of eight men, who were guests of Captain George E. Bailey on the trial trip of his new naphtha launch, were drowned by the capsizing of the small craft as she was trying to cross the bar at the mouth of the Merrimac in a heavy wind.

The bodies of the lost, all of whom were Italians and worked under Captain Bailey in a local shoe factory, were carried out to sea. Two, Bernardo Parisso and Pietro Milone, were about to revisit their families abroad, and had all their savings, several hundred dollars each, on their persons.

Lady Roberts' Sister Found Dead.

Mrs. L. Snow Miller, said to be a sister of Lord Roberts' wife, was found dead on a forest trail at Kona, Hawaii. It is believed she lost her way while walking and died from exposure.

This woman says that sick women should not fail to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as she did.

Mrs. A. Gregory, of 2355 Lawrence St., Denver, Col., writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I was practically an invalid for six years, on account of female troubles. I underwent an operation by the doctor's advice, but in a few months I was worse than before. A friend advised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it restored me to perfect health, such as I have not enjoyed in many years. Any woman suffering as I did with backache, bearing-down pains, and periodic pains, should not fail to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Heart Failure Due to Hyacinths.

Until lately few cases of serious heart failure due to the presence of hyacinths in living rooms have been recorded.

The latest instance is that of a healthy young girl in Bromley, Kent, who, after sitting for a couple of hours in a room in which there were several pots of these plants, began to feel somewhat faint. Two hours later, after she had gone home she fell into a deep sleep. The doctor in attendance stated that the defective heart action, leading to the insufficient supply of blood to the brain, which caused the fainting, was due to the effect of the hyacinth scent on the nerves which regulate the heart's action.

"Heavily scented flowers," says a medical man, referring to this case, "should never be kept in any living room which is not well ventilated. The heavy feeling which too many flowers in a close room are apt to give is due to a slightly depressant action on the heart. If the heart is weak, or 'nervous,' and the perfume is sufficiently concentrated, the heart beat may be so impaired as to cause a prolonged fainting fit."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Creaking Doors.

The unpleasant creaking of closet doors and bureau draws can be remedied by rubbing the edges with soap.

The United States has 974 training schools for nurses, with 21,052 pupils and 6400 graduates last year. In 1880 there were only fifteen such schools, with 323 pupils.

CHANGE IN FOOD
Works Wonders in Health.

It is worth knowing that a change in food can cure dyspepsia. "I deem it my duty to let you know how Grape-Nuts food has cured me of indigestion.

"I had been troubled with it for years, until last year my doctor recommended Grape-Nuts food to be used every morning. I followed instructions and now I am entirely well.

"The whole family like Grape-Nuts, we use four packages a week. You are welcome to use this testimonial as you see fit."

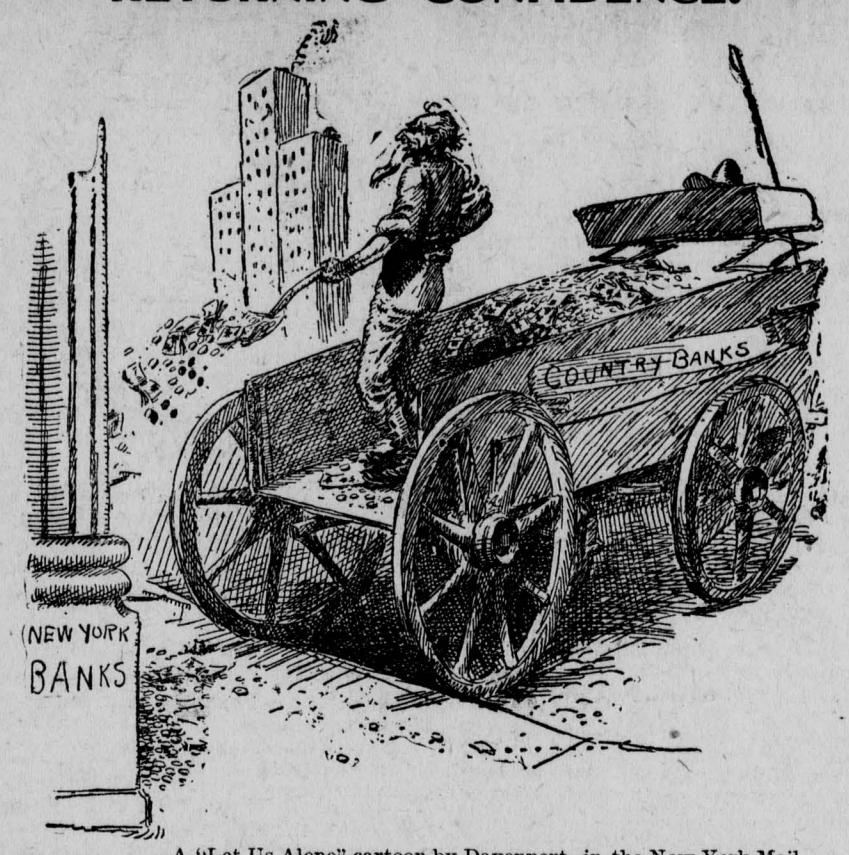
The reason this lady was helped by the use of Grape-Nuts food is that it is predigested by natural processes, and therefore does not tax the stomach as the food she had been using; it also contains the elements required for building up the nervous system. If that part of the human body is in perfect working order there can be no dyspepsia, for nervous energy represents the steam that drives the engine.

When the nervous system is run down, the machinery of the body works badly. Grape-Nuts food can be used by small children as well as adults. It is perfectly cooked and ready for instant use.

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true and full of human interest.

RETURNING CONFIDENCE.



—A "Let Us Alone" cartoon by Davenport, in the New York Mail.

ORIGIN OF "LET US ALONE" SLOGAN.

The "Let Us Alone" Society, which was organized in St. Louis recently, is a direct outgrowth of efforts by B. F. Yoakum, chairman of the Board of Directors of the St. Louis and San Francisco lines. The organization includes many of the most prominent business men of St. Louis, E. C. Simmons being at its head. Within the last two months Mr. Yoakum has spoken several times on the necessity of inaugurating what he termed a "Let Us Alone" policy, in order to restore confidence in the commercial world and to prevent a serious check to the natural developments of the resources of the country in the West and Southwest.

REMARKABLE SPREAD OF THE "GIVE US A REST" AND "LET US ALONE" MOVEMENT

Slogan Proposed by Railroad Man Catches on Like Wildfire and Promoters Are Delighted---A Campaign of Cheerfulness For a "Fair Deal, Sunshine and a Square Meal."

St. Louis, Mo.—The most hopeful sign of an improvement soon to come in the condition of business is the formation of the National Prosperity Association of St. Louis, with its slogan, "Let us alone," and its platform, "Give us a rest and sunshine."

Numerous organizations throughout the country have taken up the matter, and already the outlook is brighter.

All thinking men agree that the two greatest curses in this country are the politicians and the yellow journals, and any association formed to combat the harm they have done and are doing can but result in good for the country.

The National Prosperity Association of St. Louis was organized, following an address of B. F. Yoakum, chairman of the Executive Board of the Rock Island-'Frisco railroads before the St. Louis Trade Club. His "Let us alone" suggestion was taken up by the business organizations, and a "Give us a rest and sunshine" campaign planned, under the National Prosperity Association.

The purpose of the organization is to inaugurate a national movement for the restoration of confidence, and a general revival of commercial and industrial activity. The platform, adopted unanimously by the leaders of the movement, is—To keep the dinner pail full, to keep the pay car going, to keep the factory busy, to keep the workmen employed, to keep the present wages up.

The idea spread like wildfire throughout the country, and to aid in the dissemination of the cheer the Executive Committee had printed 1,000,000 copies of the platform. These, with letters, were sent to every business, labor and civic organization in the United States.

Through all the avenues of publicity the "give us a rest" declaration has circulated rapidly and effectually, reaching hamlets on the country cross roads and settlements on the international boundaries, and from all parts of the United States are coming spontaneous responses.

The movement is now far beyond the period of an exchange of greetings and assurances, and there are numerous tangible evidences that it will lead soon into an actual national assertion against pernicious agitation. The "fair deal, sunshine and square meal" principle is expressed in all the letters received, and the officers of the association are astonished at the number and tone of letters from corporations and individuals in distant parts of the country.

Merchants, railroad men, bankers, brokers and men conducting every other sort of business joined in the new slogan, "let us alone," sounded against the indiscriminate flaying of corporate interests.

With one accord they agreed that it is time to put a stop to the destruction of economic stability that such a policy caused.

The most encouraging messages in the mass received were from New York, Chicago and Kansas City. The idea seems to have taken hold almost instantly in the East and Middle West.

Assurances of zealous support were received from the Business Men's Association, Danbury, Conn.; the Commercial Club, Cape Girardeau, Mo.; the Board of Trade, Little Rock, Ark.; the Business Men's League, St. Joseph, Mo.; the Commercial Club, Brookfield, Mo.; the St. Louis Credit Men's Association; the Business Men's League, Little Rock, Ark.; the Business Men's League, Helena, Ark.; the Business Men's Association, Sedalia, Mo.; the Retail Merchants' Association, East St. Louis, Ill.; the Business Men's Club, Memphis, Tenn., and the Commercial Club, East St. Louis, Ill.

Thousands of letters came from corporations in different cities of the East, North, South and West.

The Business Men's Association of Danbury, Conn., was the first organization of any of the smaller cities in the East to officially express its approval of the movement.

That general business conditions are improving all along the line was also the unanimous opinion of these men, who are in close touch with all sections.

"The growing wealth of the country will not permit business to remain stagnant for any length of time," they said. "If the crops are good, and at present there is every indication they will be, there is likely to be a business revival that will surpass anything of the kind the country has ever experienced.

"That the people have more money than they ever had before is demonstrated by the fact that there is about $160,000,000 more gold in the country at this date than there was six months ago."

Last fall more than $100,000,000 of gold was imported from Europe. Since then only about $6,000,000 has been exported. In the meantime the mines in this country have been producing more than $10,000,000 a month.

Statistics also show that as far back as last January there was in circulation in this country $191,000,000 more actual money than there was on the corresponding date in 1907 and $413,000,000 more than on the corresponding date in 1906.

Bankers also pointed out that proof of the general improvement in the situation was contained in the reports of commercial houses regarding collections and in the resumption of buying by merchants in the interior. Under such conditions, they declared, there must be a gradual resumption of mills all through the country.

But the "let us alone" theory will work more harm than good, according to some of the statements, if a proper check is not kept on the speculator. He is the man, it is explained, who has worked much of the harm and will work more if he is not taken in hand.

Many of the responses are coming in by mail, owing to the necessity of formal action by the various business organizations, but the mass of telegrams and letters from all over the country received daily indicate beyond any doubt that the National Prosperity Association is producing substantial benefits, and that the "fair deal, sunshine and square meal" platform has touched a sympathetic chord.

FLEET IN SAN FRANCISCO BAY

Evans on the Bridge as Ships Enter Golden Gate.

Great Voyage of 14,000 Miles Ends With Boom of Guns, Bands Playing and Thousands Cheering.

San Francisco.—"Welcome," in letters fifty feet high, greeted the Atlantic battleship fleet as it steamed through the portals of the Golden Gate into the harbor of the new city of San Francisco, but the real welcome which will be shown during the next ten days of festivies and pageantry can never be measured, all loyal Californians say.

The railroads brought 300,000 people into the city, but the multitude that crowded every hilltop, every cliff about the bay, every building, hill and portion of the city that afforded a glimpse of the fleet steaming in at noon, no man is bold enough to estimate. More people came into the city than left it during the terror and homeless days following the fire.

Hundreds of thousands of flags and the cheers from a tremendous multitude vied with the booming of cannon as the national salute of twenty-one guns was given, at the Presidio and the tooting of whistles from factory and steamboat when the fleet threaded its way through the crowded harbor and steamed into anchorage formation.

The battleships having the right of line, were first to let their anchors go. The sixteen veterans of the Atlantic fleet, augmented by two battleships recruited here for the remainder of the trip around the world—the Nebraska and Wisconsin—occupy the two inside lines of the four columns of ships now in the harbor. The armored cruisers of the Pacific fleet have the lines nearest the Oakland shore, while the little black destroyers of both the Atlantic and Pacific fleets are berthed close in toward the San Francisco waterfront.

The little vessels looked mere specks alongside the immense fighting machines of the Connecticut type. The Connecticut swung past the Cliff House site first with the torpedo boat destroyer Whipple abreast. The Connecticut and Whipple are the flagships of their divisions, the big battleship being the floating home of Rear-Admiral Robley D. Evans, while the smaller vessel is the flagship of the torpedo boat destroyer flotilla.

The nineteen battleships, six torpedo boat destroyers, one hospital ship and one or two transports took exactly one hour and a half from their anchorage ground near the lightship until the Connecticut was abreast of the outer walls of the Golden Gate. As the ships swept through the channel near the Gate cheering broke forth from the multitudes and it was carried along by the thousands of voices clear to the Presidio.

Rear-Admiral Robley D. Evans, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet and just now in command of the assembled ships of both oceans, stood on the after bridge of the Connecticut, as the famous flagship led the way through the harbor gate.

No sooner had the ships reached their final anchorage than a committee boat carrying Mayor Taylor, of San Francisco, and member of the official reception committee, including James D. Phelan, the chairman, put off, officially to welcome Admiral Evans and the officers and men of the fleet to San Francisco. The ceremonies aboard the Connecticut were brief and informal.

Admiral Evans rode a part of the distance in the naval and military parade through the streets of the city, when 8000 bluejackets and marines, 3000 soldiers of the regular army and many civic and military bodies were in line, but further than this he will not take an active part in the celebration.

Secretary of the Navy Metcalf on board his reviewing ship, the Yorktown, saw the entry of the magnificent line of fighting vessels from just within the harbor gates.

SUICIDE TO EVADE POSSE.

Stormed by Troops, Ohio Murderer Kills Himself.

Washington Court House, Ohio.—After a company of State militia had been ordered to capture Bert Devaney, who barricaded himself in a barn after having slain two persons, possibly a third, and fatally wounded another, Devaney committed suicide. Devaney's first victim was Lida Bird, a mulatto, twenty-two years old, whom he shot to death in her home. Her mother, who attempted to save the girl, was fatally wounded. The cause of this shooting is supposed to have been jealousy.

After the shooting Devaney fled and took refuge from a crowd which was following him in the barn of Silas Shackelford. The owner entered the barn and ordered him to leave and he was shot down. Company M, Fourth Regiment, O. N. G., stormed the barn. They found Devaney inside dead.

SUCCESSFUL TEST OF AIRSHIP.

Wright Brothers Fly in Their New Aeroplane.

Manteo, N. C.—Wright Brothers, aeronauts, now at Kill Devil Hill, made a flight in their new aeroplane. The machine under control traveled 1000 feet. The flight was for the purpose of testing a new steering gear. The elevation of the machine did not reach more than twenty feet.

What is Pe-ru-na?

Is it a Catarrh Remedy, or a Tonic, or is it Both?

Some people call Peruna a great tonic. Others refer to Peruna as a great catarrh remedy.

Which of these people are right? Is it more proper to call Peruna a catarrh remedy than to call it a tonic?

Our reply is, that Peruna is both a tonic and a catarrh remedy. Indeed, there can be no effectual catarrh remedy that is not also a tonic.

In order to thoroughly relieve any case of catarrh, a remedy must not only have a specific action on the mucous membranes affected by the catarrh, but it must have a general tonic action on the nervous system.

Catarrh, even in persons who are otherwise strong, is a weakened condition of some mucous membrane. There must be something to strengthen the circulation, to give tone to the arteries, and to raise the vital forces.

Perhaps no vegetable remedy in the world has attracted so much attention from medical writers as HYDRASTIS CANADENSIS. The wonderful efficacy of this herb has been recognized many years, and is growing in its hold upon the medical profession. When joined with CUBEBS and COPAIBA a trio of medical agents is formed in Peruna which constitutes a specific remedy for catarrh that in the present state of medical progress cannot be improved upon. This action, reinforced by such renowned tonics as COLLINSONIA CANADENSIS, CORYDALIS FORMOSA and CEDRON SEED, ought to make this compound an ideal remedy for catarrh in all its stages and locations in the body.

From a theoretical standpoint, therefore, Peruna is beyond criticism. The use of Peruna, confirms this opinion. Numberless testimonials from every quarter of the earth furnish ample evidence that this judgment is not over enthusiastic. When practical experience confirms a well-grounded theory the result is a truth that cannot be shaken.

Manufactured by Peruna Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio.

SKREEMER SHOE

MADE BY FRED F. FIELD CO. BROCKTON, MASS. U.S.A.

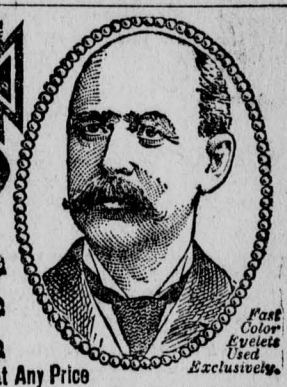
DON'T stretch your shoes into conformity with your feet. Wear shoes that fit your feet. SKREEMER shoes fit from the start, because we make them on a scientific principle of foot structure. Look for the label. If you do not find these shoes readily write us for directions how to secure them.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$3.00 $3.50

SHOES AT ALL PRICES, FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, MEN, BOYS, WOMEN, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world, because they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other shoes in the world to-day.



Fast Color Eyelets Used Exclusively.

W. L. Douglas $4 and $5 Gilt Edge Shoes Cannot Be Equalled At Any Price

CAUTION. W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Shoes mailed from factory to any part of the world. Illustrated Catalog free to any address.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

As a rule a man's hair turns gray five years sooner than a woman's.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle

The weight of the pyramids of Cheops is estimated at 4000 tons.

Garfield Tea is of particular benefit to those subject to rheumatism and gout! It purifies the blood, cleanses the system and eradicates disease. Drink before retiring.

The Hereafter.

Here is a concise summing up of the Africans' idea of the hereafter in 'Daybreak in the Dark Continent," by W. S. Naylor, an excellent and helpful book that might well have place in every missionary library.

"The Pagan African's idea of the future life is only a hazy conviction of a shadowy existence in a shadow world, the monotony of which is broken here and there by a reincarnation into this world of violence and sensuality. When the belief in reincarnation is lacking, the monotony is unrelieved. Helpless and hopeless he goes out into the dark."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The average length of life of a tradesman is two-thirds that of a farmer. N.Y.—20

For Sore Throat

Nothing will do more good in so short a time with so little trouble as

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar

Sold by Druggists

When it aches again try Pike's Toothache Drops

Where the Pen Fails.

"The pen," remarked the student, "is mightier than the sword." "Yes," answered the man who likes the pomp and trappings, "but it doesn't make near the showing in a reception or a parade."

Rich and Poor.

Paradoxical as it may seem, the man who marries a rich wife often gets a poor one.—Somerville Journal.

EPILEPSY ITS

If you suffer from Fits, Falling Sickness or Spasms, or have Children that do so, my

New Discovery and Treatment

TRIAL will give them immediate relief, and all you are asked to do is to send for a Free Bottle of Dr. May's

EPILEPTICIDE CURE

FREE Complies with Food and Drugs Act of Congress June 30th 1906. Complete directions, also testimonials of CURES, etc., FREE by mail. *Express Prepaid.* Give AGE and full address

W. H. MAY, M. D., 548 Pearl Street, New York.

Where Will We Go?

ASK THE BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

FOR THE LATEST ISSUE OF

NEW ENGLAND VACATION RESORTS

A beautifully illustrated booklet telling you how to go, where to stay, what to see, and how much it will cost. The handiest thing imaginable in planning your Summer Outing.

Send for it today, it's yours for the asking. Address, "Travel Bureau," Pass. Dept. B. & M. R. R., Boston, Mass.

D. J. FLANDERS, P.T.M. C. M. BURT, G.P.A.

OLD LETTERS WANTED--If you have any autograph letters of famous men send me list of them. I pay high prices for such letters. WALTER R. BENJAMIN, 225 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. City.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

WIDOWS' PENSIONS under NEW LAW obtained by JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Prayer Meeting Topic For the Week Beginning May 17, 1908.

By REV. S. H. DOYLE.

Topic.—Being a Christian—II. At home and in school.—I Chron. xiii. 12-14; Isa. liv, 13. (Union meeting with the juniors.)

In the subject of the home and the school we probably come more directly in touch with the lives of Endeavorers, especially the Junior Endeavorers, than in the discussion of any other practical topic. The duties of their lives revolve very largely around the home life and the school life, and here their characters are being formed for the future for contact with a larger world, where they will not be surrounded by the prayers of parents and the instruction of teachers. It is the formative period of life, and no period is more important, for few characters change after they have been definitely formed.

1. Being a Christian in the home. This subject needs to be discussed more than it usually is. In no place should our religion manifest itself to better advantage than in the home. A real Christian home is the sweetest foretaste of heaven to be found upon earth. God in the home is one of its greatest blessings. When the ark of God was in the household of Obed-edom, God blessed his house because it was there. In the home where God dwells the family altar is erected and the spirit of Christ prevails; there the blessing of God abides in large, rich measure. But do we always manifest the Christian spirit in the home in our relations with those nearest and dearest to us? Sad to say, all Christians do not. They can put forth a fair front before the world or before their friends, but when at home they feel at liberty to give free reign to their complaints, murmurings and even to anger. How polite we are to strangers and how often impolite to the members of our own family! We carry flowers to the sick stranger and none to the sick at home. We speak kind, gentle words to our friends and companions and cross and angry ones to fathers and mothers, brothers and sisters. How many children are disobedient at home who would willingly run an errand for a neighbor! But such should not be the case. We love our dear ones. No doubt about it. What we need to do is to manifest that love not in quarrels and harsh words, but in kindness, in forbearance and in the gentle spirit of the Master.

2. Being a Christian at school. This seems easier of accomplishment, yet is it always so? Are our lessons always prepared? Do we always show proper respect to our teachers? Do we never speak ill of our fellow pupils? Have we never cheated in daily recitations or in examinations by copying from a classmate or by using a help especially prepared for the assistance of those who are dishonorable enough to use them? If we have not refrained from these things, are we Christians at school? Is disrespect for superiors Christian? Is false witness against our schoolmates Christian? Is dishonesty Christian? None of these characteristics makes for a Christian life. We may have given no serious thought to the subject. If not, let us do so now and carry the spirit of Christ into the schoolroom. If so, many a weary teacher's burden will be much lighter and many a school fellow's life will be made sweeter and happier. And this is really one of our missions as Christians—to make happier and better the lives of others.

BIBLE READINGS.

Deut. vi, 6-9; xi, 19; Ex. xx, 12; Gen. xviii, 16-19; vi, 15, 16; Prov. i, 7, 10-19; vi, 20-22; Eccl. xii, 1; Eph. vi, 1-9; Luke xxiv, 13-31; John xiv, 1-3.

A Unique Badge.

The New York union held a state tri-convention lately at Malone, Cortland and Batavia. The motto of the convention was Dr. Clark's epigram, "What must be can be." The badge

NEW YORK STATE
CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR UNION

What must be
Can be.
Francis E. Clark.

MALONE
CORTLAND
BATAVIA
OCTOBER
21-26
1907

of the convention was a celluloid square with a picture of Dr. Clark on it and under the picture in facsimile of his own handwriting the convention motto. The badge was unique and eagerly sought by the delegates for souvenir purposes.

Then and Now.

"Payson and Clark" is the title of an article in the Congregationalist which will greatly interest every Christian Endeavorer. It is by Rev. Robert Whitaker of Oakland, Cal., and contrasts two preachers of Portland, Me., Dr. Edward Payson and Dr. Clark.

Tribute to Secretary Shaw.

[The following veracious verses were used in introducing Mr. William Shaw, the general secretary of the United Society of Christian Endeavorers, at the recent Chicago Christian Endeavor rally. Two great churches filled with 2,300 Endeavorers thoroughly enjoyed them.]

Who is fleet of foot and speech,
Who the hidebound purse can reach,
Who to saints and sinners preach?
William Shaw.

Who can make Endeavor hum,
Who can animate the numb,
Who can re-create the bum?
William Shaw.

Who can root up every weed,
Who can make the poky speed,
Who enjoy a rally "feed?"
William Shaw.

Who shall raise Endeavor means
By these bright Chicago scenes
And go back to Boston beans?
William Shaw.

To Work Out the Golden Rule.

You recoguize only one Master, and your work is one of co-operation. The aim of the Christian Endeavor is not for its members to live as selfish individuals, but to ease the burdens of the less fortunate, to work for one another and work out the Golden Rule —Hon. James R. Garfield at Seattle Convention.

—Mr. George Posten left Tuesday for Three Springs where he will spend a couple weeks with friends in that vicinity.

—Thomas McDonald, of Thurmon, West Virginia, arrived in town Tuesday and will visit with friends for a couple weeks.

Mrs. Harriet M. Glasgow.

Mrs. Harriet M. Glasgow, widow of Samuel Glasgow, died at her home in Altoona, Thursday morning, May 7, 1908, of senility. Deceased had been a resident of Altoona for a number of years and was a member of the Eigth avenue M. E. church and was a faithful christian lady. She was a native of Path valley. The family moved to Altoona some years ago, the husband dying shortly after taking up their residence in the Mountain city. She is survived by five daughters. They are Margaret, Mrs. Cora Patschke and Mrs. Ella Fasnacht, of Altoona, and Mrs. Dessie Shultz, of Marklesburg. She is also survived by one sister, Mrs. T. H. Adams, of Mount Union. The remains were interred at Mount Union on Monday.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, June 29, 1903, trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTH			NORTH	
Expr's A M	Mail P M	STATIONS	Mail A M	F Line P M
8 35	5 56	Huntingdon	11 10	5 15
8 45	6 05	McConnellstown	11 00	5 05
8 50	6 09	Grafton	10 56	5 00
8 55	6 14	Brumbaugh	10 51	4 55
8 59	6 18	Marklesburg	10 47	4 51
9 06	6 25	Entrikin	10 40	4 44
9 11	6 30	Beaver	10 35	4 39
9 16	6 35	Cove	10 30	4 34
9 27	6 46	Saxton	10 20	4 23
9 31	6 50	Clark	10 15	4 18
9 39	6 58	Riddlesburg	10 08	4 11
9 44	7 02	Hopewell	10 04	4 07
9 56	7 10	Cypher	9 56	3 59
10 07	7 19	Tatesville	9 46	3 50
10 17	7 27	Everett	9 38	3 43
10 20	7 30	Mt. Dallas	9 35	3 40
10 43	7 50	Bedford	9 15	3 20
11 35	8 35	Hyndman	8 28	2 30
12 05	9 05	Cumberland	8 00	2 00

Sunday train leaves Huntingdon at 8.35 a. m. and returning 5.30 p. m.

SHOUP'S BRANCH.

SOUTH		NORTH
Expr's A M	STATIONS	Expr's P M
9 35	Saxton	4 00
9 50	Coalmont	3 45
	Crawford	
10 05	Dudley	3 30

CARL M. GAGE, General Manager.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD and COAL CO.

Time Table in effect February 3, 1908.

SOUTHWARD.	No. 8. A. M.	No. 2. A. M.	No. 6. A. M.	No. 4. P. M.
Mount Union . . Leave	. . .	10 00	11 25	4 35
Mount Union Yard	. . .	s 10 05	s 11 30	s 4 40
*Aughwick Mills	. . .	f 10 17	f 11 42	f 4 52
Shirley	. . .	s 10 30	s 11 55	s 5 05
Orbisonia . . . . Arrive	. . .	10 45	12 10	5 20
Orbisonia . . . . Leave	5 30	10 55	1 45	5 30
*Pogue	s 5 40	f 11 05	f 1 55	f 5 40
Three Springs	s 5 50	s 11 20	s 2 10	s 5 55
Saltillo	s 5 58	s 11 28	s 2 25	s 6 03
*Cole's	f 6 30	f 12 00	f 2 55	f 6 35
Rocky Ridge	f 6 37	f 12 07	f 3 02	f 6 42
Cook's	f 6 45	f 12 14	f 3 09	f 6 49
Robertsdale . . Arrive	7 00	12 25	3 20	7 00
	A. M	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

NORTHWARD.	No. 1. A. M.	No. 5. A. M	No. 3. P. M.	No. 7. P. M.
Robertsdale . . . Leave	7 00	8 25	1 35	4 25
Cook's	f 7 10	f 8 35	f 1 45	f 4 35
Rocky Ridge	f 7 17	f 8 42	f 1 52	f 4 42
*Coles	f 7 22	f 8 47	f 1 57	f 4 47
Saltillo	s 7 50	f 9 15	s 2 25	s 5 13
Three Springs	s 7 58	f 9 23	s 2 33	s 5 21
*Pogue	f 8 10	† 9 35	f 2 45	s 5 40
Orbisonia	s 8 35	s 10 10	s 3 10	5 55
Shirley	s 8 50	s 10 30	s 3 25	. . .
*Aughwick	f 9 00	† 10 40	f 3 35	. . .
Mount Union Yard	s 9 15	s 10 55	s 3 50	. . .
Mount Union . . Arrive	9 20	11 00	3 55	. . .
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

SOUTHWARD			NORTHWARD	
No. 12 P. M.	No. 10. A. M.	STATIONS.	No. 9. A. M.	No. 11. P. M.
5 25	7 35	Lv. Orbisonia. Ar	8 25	6 20
f 5 33	f 7 41	*Blacklog	f 8 19	f 6 13
f 5 41	f 7 48	*Cedar Rock	f 8 12	f 6 05
f 5 44	f 7 50	*Locke Valley	f 8 10	f 6 02
5 50	7 55	Ar Shade Gap Lv	8 05	5 55

Trains run daily except Sunday.

Trains will run on Rocky Ridge and Booher branches on special orders.

The Company reserves the right to vary from the above Time Table without notice.

*—No agent. s—Regular stop. f—Stop on signal. †—Trains will not stop.

R. S. SEIBERT, Pres't and Gen'l Manager. E. C. HALL, Superintendent.

Court Notes—May Term.

Continued from first page.

Return of sale of Luther E. Childote, late of Tod township, deceased, confirmed nisi, and administrator authorized to execute and deliver deed.

Return of real estate of Benjamin Davis, late of Shirley township, deceased, confirmed nisi, and administrator directed to make deed accordingly.

Return of sale of real estate of Isaiah Madden, late of Springfield township, deceased, confirmed nisi, and administrator authorized to execute and deliver deed.

Return of real estate of Ruhanna Horton, late of Tod township, deceased, confirmed nisi, and administrator directed to execute and deliver deed.

Samuel I Spyker, Esq., administrator of the estate of Mary Ann Sharrar, late of Smithfield township, deceased, ordered to sell real estate of decedent at public sale for peyment of debts.

George A. Diggins, of Tipton, Blair county, appointed guardian of the minor children of Jesse Diggins, late of Broad Top City.

O. H. Gibboney appointed guardian of the minor children of James Houck, of Barree township.

R. G. Miller, executor of the will of Mary C. Oaks, late of the Borough of Huntingdon, deceased, cited to file an account- Returnable to June Argument Court.

Permission granted executors of estate of samuel Sharer, late of Shirley township, deceased, to withdraw account before same is confirmed.

H. H. Swope and G. W. Wright appointed to appraise and set apart certain real estate of Zachariah, McDonald late of the Borough of Mapleton, deceased, to his widow Ellen McDonald.

W. W. Robb, Administrator of the estate of J. E. Robb, late of Porter township, deceased, discharged and his sureties released.

Elisha J. Green, guardian of Chester N. Robb, authorized to pay out certain money to defray expenses of his ward.

Walter S. Hileman and Alton L. Hileman, executors of David Hileman, late of Morris township, deceased, authorized to make deed to Bertha K. Roller for certain lands according to the true intent and meaning of contract.

H. W. Nophisker, guardian if Irvin Hefright, authorized to pay out certain money for use of his ward.

QUARTER SESSIONS.

The Grand Jury completed its work at noon Tuesday. Eight bills were before them all of which they returned as true bills. They are as follows.

Commonwealth versus Charles Bruce Wood, f. and b. This case was tried and the jury returned a verdict of guilty. Commonwealth versus Albert Parks, f. and b.

Commonwealth versus Frank Barber and Samuel Green, Burglary—plead guilty and waived presentation of bill to Grand Jury. Sentenced to pay costs of prosecution and undergo imprisonment in the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory.

Commonwealth versus Samuel Smiley, Larceny as Bailee. Jury by direction of Court returned a verdict of not guilty.

Commonwealth versus Callie Dysert, Clyde Cogley, Edward Dysart, Wm. S. Lytle and Samuel Smiley, Larceny and receiving stolen goods. Jury by direction of Court returned a verdict of not guilty.

Commonwealth versus T. J. Commerer, destroying and removing a fence enclosing a cemetery and destroying and removing a tree growing in a cemetery.

Commonwealth verses George Benner and James Beaston, larceny and receiving stolen goods. Plead guilty to second court and waived presentation of bill to Grand Jury. Defendants having paid costs sentence was suspended.

Commonwealth verses Richard Carl, larceny and receiving stolen goods. Defendant plead guilty and waived presentation of bill to Grand Jury and having paid costs sentence was suspended.

Commonwealth versus Lewis Marks, larceny and receiving stolen goods. This case grew out of a dicker in horse flesh between the defendant and Charles Smith in Huntingdon about two weeks ago and was called for trial Tuesday. After four hours deliberation the jury returned a verdict of guilty and defendant was sentenced to pay costs, furthur sentence being suspended.

There were two bills against Otto Schmidt charging him withbreaking and entertaining in the night-time with intent to commit a felony. Schmidt evidently didn't appreciate the quality of Huntihgdon County justice and took departure from the Huntingdon jail via the outbuildings and back wall last Thursday night. He did not return for trial.

The case of Commonwealth versus A. L. Burns, charged with assult and battery in which a true bill was found at last December sessions was called for trial Tuesday afternoon.

The Grand Jury refused to recommend the building of two County bridges submitted for their consideration: One over Murry's Run in Oneida township and the other over Spruce Creek in Franklin township.

Are You a Patriot?

Every patriotic American needs an American flag for his home. Particularly now that Decoration Day and Fourth of July are near at hand. We advise our readers to take advantage of an exceptional offer made by THE PHILADELPHIA PRESS; a beautiful hand-sewed, American flag, size 3 by 5 feet, guaranteed fast to sun and rain, worth $2 00, and the daily edition of THE PHILADELPHIA PRESS, $3.00, both worth $5.00, and to any person taking advantage of this offer for $3.50. A good new forty-six star flag almost free. Do it to-day; to-morrow may be too late. Postmasters and newsdealers everywhere will receive your order. Your money will be returned for the asking, if you are not satisfied with the flag. Be patriotic.

When you think of Indigestion think of Kodol, for it is without doubt the only preparation that completely digests al classes of food. And that is what you need when you have indigestion or stomach trouble—something that will act promptly and thoroughly; something that will get right at the trouble and do the very work itself for the stomach by digesting the food that you eat and that is Kodol. It is pleasant to take. Sold by Geo. Wright.

North American, in Odd Fellows Edition, "Features" Big Order.

In honor of the eighty-fifth annual session of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in Philadelphia, beginning May 19th, The North American will give that fraternity a newspaper display unique in this state. In its issue of Sunday, May 17, The North American will contain a special eight-page illustrated supplement recounting the origin, growth and work of Pennsylvania's most popular fraternity in all its branches.

Odd Fellows' homes, orphanages and charitable works will be subject of special illustrated articles, and the probable future of the magnificent Odd Fellows' Temple, as indicated by leading members, will receive particular attention. Rebekahs, Patriarch Militant and encampments will receive notice, and the whole will be illustrated by cuts of grand officers of all bodies. To be certain of receiving a copy of this special supplement, place your order at once with your newsdealer for the Sunday North American of May 17.

The question of preserving our forest wealth from future spoliation is one which has been actively engaging public attention since the recent extension of the Government's forest policy and the alarming reports which have been made by experts of the approaching exhausting of our woodlands. What the policy of forest preservation and regulation adopted by the present administration means, what it hopes to accomplish, and just what the forest situation now confronting Americans is will be told before the National Association of Manufacturers at its annual convention in New York on the eighteenth, nineteenth and twentieth of May by Chief Forester Gifford Pinchot.

A great many people imagine they have heart trouble when the fact is that the whole trouble lies in the stomach. The pains in the side around the region of the heart are not necessarily heart trouble. We suggest that you start with the stomach and whenever you feel a depression after eating or whenever your food seems to nauseate take Kodol. It will not be very long until all these "hear pains" will disapear. Take Kodol now and until you are right again. There is'nt any doubt about what it will do and you will find the truth of this statement verified after you have used Kodol for a few weeks. It is sold here by George W. Wright.

Parted Nineteen years.

When news of the Johnstown flood reached Pittsburg nearly nineteen years ago and the extent of the loss of life and property became known, says the Globe one of the first men to volunteer his services for rescue work was Thomas Smith, of the Smoky City. Fondly bidding good bye to his wife of three months, Smith boarded a train for the stricken city. Week after week he worked as a laborer.

After months of the hardest sort of work, Smith returned to Pittsburg to claim his wife, Katie. Not a trace could he find of her. During his time in Johnstown they did not correspond, owing to the demoralization of the mail service. Smith made many efforts to find the woman, but without avail.

The other afternoon while walking along Smithfield street the pair met for the first time since May 30, 1889, when the husband took the first relief train for Johnstown.

Although both are now in middle life, the greeting between husband and wife was as enthusiastic as it would have been almost 20 years ago.

The trouble with most cough cures is that they constipate. Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup does not constipale, but on the other hand its laxative principles gently move the bowels. It is pleasant to take and is especially recommended for children, as it tastes nearly as good as maple sugar. Sold by Geo. W. Wright.

THE AWFUL JUNGLE.

The meadow is an awful place
For one so young as I;
The dandelion you must face,
The fiery drogon fly,
The snakeroot and the adder's tongue;
Terribilous to one so young!

Though gentle cowslips kindly yield
Milkweed and buttercup,
Beside you, hidden in the fleld,
The bear's paw reaches up
To grab at you, behind, before;
While tiger lilies rounce and roar.

And my! what brigand armies pass
On horse flies or on foot.
Their Turk's beards waving in the grass;
They're armed with arrowroot,
And all the flowers have pistils, too;
While sword grass waits to cut you through.

Now maybe Indian pipes don't mean
A horrid Soowix camp!
And think! there's toadstools to be seen,
Horrificently damp.
I tell you, I ain't going to go
Where crawly-wawly creatures grow!

—Sinclair Lewis in Woman's Home Companion for May.

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